

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2025**

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-40031

BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

85-4164597

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

7950 Jones Branch Drive, 1st Floor North Tower, McLean, VA

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

22102

(Zip Code)

(410) 312-0885

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value	BBAI	New York Stock Exchange
Redeemable warrants, each full warrant exercisable for one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	BBAI.WS	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

There were 370,703,198 shares of our common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, outstanding as of August 8, 2025.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q
June 30, 2025

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS <i>(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share data)</i>			
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 390,845	\$ 50,141	
Accounts receivable, less allowance for credit losses of \$438 as of June 30, 2025 and \$127 as of December 31, 2024	28,342	38,953	
Contract assets	701	895	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,395	3,768	
Total current assets	424,283	93,757	
Non-current assets:			
Property and equipment, net	1,425	1,566	
Goodwill	48,446	119,081	
Intangible assets, net	115,621	119,119	
Right-of-use assets	8,639	9,263	
Other non-current assets	958	990	
Total assets	\$ 599,372	\$ 343,776	
Liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,440	\$ 8,455	
Short-term debt, including current portion of long-term debt	367	818	
Accrued liabilities	16,555	19,496	
Contract liabilities	4,466	2,541	
Current portion of long-term lease liability	1,096	1,068	
Derivative liabilities	193,199	170,515	
Other current liabilities	2,522	73	
Total current liabilities	221,645	202,966	
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term debt, net	102,683	135,404	
Long-term lease liability	8,494	9,120	
Total liabilities	332,822	347,490	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)			
Stockholders' equity (deficit)			
Common stock, par value \$0.0001; 500,000,000 shares authorized and 369,171,608 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2025 and 251,554,378 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024	39	26	
Additional paid-in capital	1,186,256	625,130	
Treasury stock, at cost 9,952,803 shares at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024	(57,350)	(57,350)	
Accumulated deficit	(862,246)	(571,641)	
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(149)	121	
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	266,550	(3,714)	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 599,372	\$ 343,776	

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues	\$ 32,472	\$ 39,783	\$ 67,229	\$ 72,904
Cost of revenues	24,359	28,720	51,728	54,855
Gross margin	8,113	11,063	15,501	18,049
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative	21,487	23,364	44,219	40,312
Research and development	4,393	3,565	8,559	4,709
Restructuring charges	1,899	457	3,597	1,317
Transaction expenses	—	347	—	1,450
Goodwill impairment	70,636	—	70,636	85,000
Operating loss	(90,302)	(16,670)	(111,510)	(114,739)
Interest expense	4,419	6,452	9,535	12,837
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives	135,751	(8,081)	169,087	15,726
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	2,577	—
Other income, net	(1,867)	(617)	(2,143)	(1,072)
Loss before taxes	(228,605)	(14,424)	(290,566)	(142,230)
Income tax expense	14	15	39	1
Net loss	\$ (228,619)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (290,605)	\$ (142,231)
Basic net loss per share	\$ (0.71)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.97)	\$ (0.66)
Diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.71)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.97)	\$ (0.66)
Weighted-average shares outstanding:				
Basic	320,591,204	246,303,139	299,666,133	216,754,082
Diluted	320,591,204	246,303,139	299,666,133	216,754,082
Other comprehensive loss				
Foreign currency translation	(282)	—	(270)	—
Total other comprehensive loss	(282)	—	(270)	—
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (228,901)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (290,875)	\$ (142,231)

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)
(unaudited; in thousands, except share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025						
	Common stock		Additional	Acc. Other	Treasury	Accumulated	Total stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	paid in capital	Comprehensive Income	stock	deficit	equity
As of March 31, 2025	289,052,369	\$ 31	\$ 888,608	\$ 133	\$ (57,350)	\$ (633,627)	\$ 197,795
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(228,619)	(228,619)
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	(282)	—	—	(282)
Equity-based compensation expense	—	—	4,319	—	—	—	4,319
Exercise of options	141,780	—	240	—	—	—	240
Issuance of shares for paid-in-kind interest on 2029 Notes	1,084,119	—	4,095	—	—	—	4,095
Issuance of shares for equity-based compensation awards, net	3,004,152	—	(362)	—	—	—	(362)
Issuance of shares under ATM	75,317,313	8	288,287	—	—	—	288,295
Issuance of shares purchased under ESPP	571,875	—	1,069	—	—	—	1,069
As of June 30, 2025	369,171,608	\$ 39	\$ 1,186,256	\$ (149)	\$ (57,350)	\$ (862,246)	\$ 266,550

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024							
	Common stock		Additional	Acc. Other	Treasury	Accumulated	Total stockholders'	
	Shares	Amount						paid in capital
As of March 31, 2024	246,061,379	\$ 25	\$ 604,384	\$ —	\$ (57,350)	\$ (403,886)	\$ 143,173	
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(14,439)	(14,439)	
Equity-based compensation expense	—	—	5,749	—	—	—	5,749	
Exercise of options	22,780	—	33	—	—	—	33	
Issuance of shares for equity-based compensation awards, net	215,700	—	(378)	—	—	—	(378)	
Issuance of shares purchased under ESPP	474,325	—	607	—	—	—	607	
As of June 30, 2024	246,774,184	\$ 25	\$ 610,395	\$ —	\$ (57,350)	\$ (418,325)	\$ 134,745	

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)
(unaudited, in thousands, except share data)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2025								
	Common stock		Additional	Acc. Other	Treasury	Accumulated	Total	
	Shares	Amount						
			paid in capital	Comprehensive Income	stock	deficit	stockholders'	
							deficit	
As of December 31, 2024	251,554,378	\$ 26	\$ 625,130	\$ 121	\$ (57,350)	\$ (571,641)	\$ (3,714)	
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(290,605)	(290,605)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	(270)	—	—	(270)	
Equity-based compensation expense	—	—	11,719	—	—	—	11,719	
Exercise of options	1,125,214	—	1,633	—	—	—	1,633	
Issuance of shares for equity-based compensation awards, net	6,124,374	2	(1,681)	—	—	—	(1,679)	
Issuance of shares for paid-in-kind interest on 2029 Notes	1,084,119	—	4,095	—	—	—	4,095	
Proceeds from the exercise of the 2024 warrants	14,800,000	1	113,952	—	—	—	113,953	
Issuance of shares upon conversion of 2029 Notes	16,658,335	2	135,597	—	—	—	135,599	
Issuance of shares purchased under ESPP	571,875	—	1,069	—	—	—	1,069	
Issuance of shares from at-the-market offering	77,253,313	8	294,742	—	—	—	294,750	
As of June 30, 2025	369,171,608	\$ 39	\$ 1,186,256	\$ (149)	\$ (57,350)	\$ (862,246)	\$ 266,550	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2024								
	Common stock		Additional	Acc. Other	Treasury	Accumulated	Total	
	Shares	Amount						
			paid in capital	Comprehensive Income	stock	deficit	stockholders'	
							(deficit) equity	
As of December 31, 2023	157,287,522	\$ 17	\$ 303,428	\$ —	\$ (57,350)	\$ (276,094)	\$ (29,999)	
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(142,231)	(142,231)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Equity-based compensation expense	—	—	10,906	—	—	—	10,906	
Exercise of options	87,324	—	119	—	—	—	119	
Issuance of common shares as consideration for the acquisition of Pangiam	61,838,072	6	207,770	—	—	—	207,776	
Proceeds from exercise of 2023 warrants	22,775,144	2	90,705	—	—	—	90,707	
Issuance of shares for equity-based compensation awards, net	4,311,703	—	(3,140)	—	—	—	(3,140)	
Issuance of shares for exercised convertible notes	94	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Issuance of shares purchased under ESPP	474,325	—	607	—	—	—	607	
As of June 30, 2024	246,774,184	\$ 25	\$ 610,395	\$ —	\$ (57,350)	\$ (418,325)	\$ 134,745	

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited, in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (290,605)	\$ (142,231)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	6,921	5,346
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discount	4,790	6,743
Equity-based compensation expense	11,719	10,906
Goodwill impairment	70,636	85,000
Non-cash lease expense	624	363
Provision for doubtful accounts	351	176
Deferred income tax benefit	—	(37)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	2,577	—
Increase in fair value of derivatives	169,087	15,726
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	10,267	(6,232)
Decrease in contract assets	194	3,781
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	(592)	1,243
Decrease in accounts payable	(5,039)	(5,047)
Increase in accrued expenses	4,765	1,652
Increase in contract liabilities	1,925	1,469
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	1,848	(275)
Net cash used in operating activities	(10,532)	(21,417)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	—	13,935
Purchases of property and equipment	(85)	(167)
Capitalized software development costs	(2,699)	(3,225)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(2,784)	10,543
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of shares for exercised RDO and PIPE warrants	64,673	53,809
Payment of RDO and PIPE transaction costs	(551)	—
Repayment of short-term borrowings	(451)	(812)
Proceeds from at-the-market offering	300,000	—
Payment of transaction costs for at-the-market offering	(5,250)	—
Payment of debt issuance costs to third parties	(4,679)	—
Issuance of common stock upon ESPP purchase	1,069	607
Proceeds from exercise of options	1,633	119
Payments of tax withholding from the issuance of common stock	(1,679)	(3,140)
Net cash provided by financing activities	354,765	50,583
Effect of foreign currency rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(745)	—
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	340,704	39,709
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	50,141	32,557
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 390,845	\$ 72,266
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 2,299	\$ —
Income taxes	\$ (14)	\$ —
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Issuance of common stock upon conversion of 2029 Notes	\$ 135,597	\$ —
Issuance of shares for paid-in-kind interest on 2029 Convertible Notes	\$ 4,095	\$ —
Issuance of common stock as consideration for the acquisition of Pangiam	\$ —	\$ 207,770

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited, thousands of U.S. dollars unless stated otherwise)

Note 1—Description of the Business

BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc.'s ("*BigBear.ai*", "*BigBear.ai Holdings*", "*BigBear*" or the "*Company*") mission is to help deliver clarity for the world's most complex decisions. BigBear.ai is a leading provider of Edge AI-powered decision intelligence solutions for national security, supply chain management and digital identity. Customers and partners rely on BigBear.ai's predictive analytics capabilities in highly complex, distributed, mission-based operating environments. We are a technology-led solutions organization, providing both software and services to our customers. Unless otherwise indicated, references to "we", "us" and "our" refer collectively to BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

We prepared these accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("*GAAP*") for interim financial information, the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of SEC Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Amounts presented within the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars unless stated otherwise, except for percentages, units, shares, per unit and per share amounts.

In the opinion of management, these consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are of a normal recurring nature necessary for a fair presentation of our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. We base these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Our actual results may differ materially from these estimates. Significant estimates inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, accounting for revenue and cost recognition; evaluation of goodwill; intangible assets; and other assets for impairment; income taxes; equity-based compensation; fair value measurements; and contingencies. We eliminate intercompany balances and transactions in consolidation.

The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year or future periods. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Emerging Growth Company

Section 102(b)(1) of the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "*JOBS Act*") exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such an election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard.

We ceased to qualify as an emerging growth company as of June 30, 2025. This change in status is due to our classification as a large accelerated filer, as our public float exceeded \$700 million as of June 30, 2025. Beginning with the current fiscal year, we will be subjected to increased disclosure and compliance obligations, including the requirement to obtain an auditor attestation of our internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited, thousands of U.S. dollars unless stated otherwise)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2023-09, *Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures* (“ASU 2023-09”). Under ASU 2023-09, public benefit entities must disclose specific categories and provide additional information in the tax rate reconciliation if the effect of those reconciling items is equal to or greater than 5 percent of the amount computed by multiplying pretax income or loss by the applicable statutory income tax rate. The amendments from ASU 2023-09 are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted for annual financial statements that have not yet been issued or made available for issuance. The Company will adopt this ASU in 2025 and does not expect this guidance to have a material impact to its consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

Note 3—Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements

As previously disclosed in Note 2—Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements to the Company’s consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, management identified a material error in the previously reported financial statements related to its convertible notes issued in December 2021 and due in December 2026 (“2026 Notes”). The conversion option embedded within the 2026 Notes was incorrectly deemed to be eligible for a scope exception from the bifurcation requirements of ASC 815-15 and therefore required bifurcation as a derivative (“2026 Notes Conversion Option”). The 2026 Notes include certain adjustments to the conversion rate that violate the “fixed-for-fixed” criteria described in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 815-40. As a result, the prior period consolidated financial statements have been restated to reflect the issuance of the 2026 Notes Conversion Option at fair value as of December 7, 2021 and the subsequent remeasurement to fair value at each reporting date. Changes in the fair value of the 2026 Notes Conversion Option are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. Bifurcation of the 2026 Notes Conversion Option from its host results in a discount to the 2026 Notes par value. The amortization of the discount to the par value of the 2026 Notes is recorded in the consolidated statements of operations as non-cash interest expense using the effective interest rate method.

The effect of the correction noted above on the Company’s consolidated statement of operations for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Unaudited consolidated statements of operations	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024			Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated	As reported	Adjustment	Restated
Revenues	\$ 39,783	\$ —	\$ 39,783	\$ 72,904	\$ —	\$ 72,904
Cost of revenues	28,720	—	28,720	54,855	—	54,855
Gross margin	11,063	—	11,063	18,049	—	18,049
Operating expenses:						
Selling, general and administrative	23,364	—	23,364	40,312	—	40,312
Research and development	3,565	—	3,565	4,709	—	4,709
Restructuring charges	457	—	457	1,317	—	1,317
Transaction expenses	347	—	347	1,450	—	1,450
Goodwill impairment	—	—	—	85,000	—	85,000
Operating loss	(16,670)	—	(16,670)	(114,739)	—	(114,739)
Interest expense	3,551	2,901	6,452	7,106	5,731	12,837
Net increase in fair value of derivatives	(7,882)	(199)	(8,081)	16,110	(384)	15,726
Other income	(617)	—	(617)	(1,072)	—	(1,072)
Loss before taxes:	(11,722)	(2,702)	(14,424)	(136,883)	(5,347)	(142,230)
Income tax benefit	15	—	15	1	—	1
Net loss	\$ (11,737)	\$ (2,702)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (136,884)	\$ (5,347)	\$ (142,231)

BIGBEAR.AI HOLDINGS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited, thousands of U.S. dollars unless stated otherwise)

The effect of the correction noted above on the Company's consolidated statement of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Unaudited consolidated statement of cash flows	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated
Net loss	\$ (136,884)	\$ (5,347)	\$ (142,231)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,346	—	5,346
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discount	1,012	5,731	6,743
Equity-based compensation expense	10,906	—	10,906
Goodwill impairment	85,000	—	85,000
Non-cash lease expense	363	—	363
Provision for doubtful accounts	176	—	176
Deferred income tax benefit	(37)	—	(37)
Net increase in fair value of derivatives	16,110	(384)	15,726
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Increase in accounts receivable	(6,232)	—	(6,232)
Decrease in contract assets	3,781	—	3,781
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	1,243	—	1,243
Decrease in accounts payable	(5,047)	—	(5,047)
Increase in accrued liabilities	1,652	—	1,652
Increase in contract liabilities	1,469	—	1,469
Increase in other liabilities	(275)	—	(275)
Net cash used in operating activities	(21,417)	—	(21,417)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	13,935	—	13,935
Purchases of property and equipment	(167)	—	(167)
Capitalized software development costs	(3,225)	—	(3,225)
Net cash provided by investing activities	10,543	—	10,543
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of shares for exercised RDO and PIPE warrants	53,809	—	53,809
Repayment of short-term borrowings	(812)	—	(812)
Issuance of common stock upon ESPP purchase	607	—	607
Proceeds from exercise of options	119	—	119
Payments of tax withholding from the issuance of common stock	(3,140)	—	(3,140)
Net cash provided by financing activities	50,583	—	50,583
Effect of foreign currency rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	—	—	—
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	39,709	—	39,709
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	32,557	—	32,557
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 72,266	\$ —	\$ 72,266

Note 4—Restructuring Charges

The following table presents the employee separation costs, net of tax, associated with the Company's organizational restructuring for the following periods, as well as the unpaid employee separation costs remaining related to the organizational restructurings at the end of each period:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Employee separation costs	\$ 1,899	\$ 457	\$ 3,597	\$ 1,317
			As of	
			June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Unpaid employee separation costs			\$ 2,129	\$ —

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The table below presents the activity in accrued restructuring charges for the six months ended June 30, 2025:

	Total
As of December 31, 2024	\$ —
Additions	3,597
Settlements	(1,468)
As of June 30, 2025	\$ 2,129

The restructuring expenses for all periods presented are recorded in the restructuring charges line on the consolidated statement of operations. The restructuring accrual is included in the accrued liabilities line in the consolidated balance sheet.

The total charges for the 2024 restructuring event were \$1.3 million and as of June 30, 2024, there were no remaining payments to be made.

The total charges for the 2025 restructuring event were \$3.6 million and as of June 30, 2025, there is \$2.1 million left to be paid under the 2025 restructuring event, the final payment will be completed in the second fiscal quarter of 2025.

Note 5—Business Combinations

Pangiam Acquisition

On February 29, 2024, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “*Merger Agreement*”), dated November 4, 2023, by and among BigBear.ai, Pangiam Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“*Merger Sub*”), Pangiam Purchaser, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“*Pangiam Purchaser*”), Pangiam Ultimate Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “*Seller*”), and Pangiam Intermediate Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“*Pangiam Intermediate*”), (i) Merger Sub merged with and into Pangiam Intermediate, with Merger Sub ceasing to exist and Pangiam Intermediate surviving as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the “*First Merger*”), and (ii) immediately following the First Merger, Pangiam Intermediate merged with and into Pangiam Purchaser, with Pangiam Intermediate ceasing to exist and Pangiam Purchaser continuing as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the “*Second Merger*”, together with the First Merger, the “*Mergers*”).

As consideration for the Mergers and the related transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, BigBear.ai issued a total of 61,838,072 shares of the Company’s common stock to Seller based on the 20-day volume-weighted average price for common stock ending on the trading day immediately prior to the date of the Merger Agreement of \$1.3439, representing an enterprise value of \$70 million (which was subject to customary adjustments for indebtedness, cash, working capital and transaction expenses) (the “*Purchase Price*”), less \$3.5 million that was held back from the Purchase Price at the time of the closing of the Mergers to cover any post-closing downward adjustments to the Purchase Price (the “*Holdback Amount*”). On July 2, 2024 (the “*Finalization Date*”), BigBear.ai issued 2,144,073 shares of common stock at \$1.3905 per share (as determined according to the volume weighted average price over the 20 trading days ending immediately prior to the Finalization Date) as settlement of the final determination of the post-close adjusted Purchase Price.

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The following table summarizes the final fair value of the consideration transferred and the fair values of the major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date.

	February 29, 2024, as reported at March 31, 2024		Measurement period adjustments	February 29, 2024, as reported at December 31, 2024
Holdback amount	\$ 3,500	\$ (513)		\$ 2,987
Equity issued	207,776	(6)		207,770
Purchase consideration	\$ 211,276	\$ (519)		\$ 210,757
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 13,935	\$ —		\$ 13,935
Accounts receivable	5,848	(369)		5,479
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	143	150		293
Property and equipment	635	—		635
Right-of-use assets	5,754	188		5,942
Intangible assets	39,100	(1,035)		38,065
Other non-current assets	1,772	—		1,772
Total assets acquired	\$ 67,187	\$ (1,066)		\$ 66,121
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,137	—		1,137
Accrued expenses	2,454	36		2,490
Other current liabilities	69	(24)		45
Deferred revenue	1,148	—		1,148
Current portion of long-term lease liability	1,080	(874)		206
Long-term lease liability	6,109	(373)		5,736
Total liabilities acquired	\$ 11,997	\$ (1,235)		\$ 10,762
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	55,190	169		55,359
Goodwill	\$ 156,086	\$ (688)		\$ 155,398

The following table summarizes the intangible assets acquired by class and the weighted-average estimated useful lives:

	February 29 2024	Weighted-average estimated useful lives
Technology	\$ 14,835	7 years
Trade names	1,560	5 years
Customer relationships	21,670	20 years
Total intangible assets	\$ 38,065	

The fair value of the acquired technology and trade name was determined using the relief from royalty (“*RFR*”) method. The fair value of the acquired customer relationships was determined using the excess earnings method.

The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination, whereby the excess of the purchase consideration over the fair value of identifiable net assets was allocated to goodwill. The goodwill reflects the potential synergies and expansion of the Company’s offerings across product lines and markets complementary to its existing products and markets. For tax purposes, the goodwill related to the acquisition is deductible.

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The following table presents the net revenues, net loss and transaction expenses included in the results of operations for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net revenue	\$ 10,761	\$ 10,551	\$ 21,485	\$ 13,990
Net loss	(4,233)	(89,056)	(8,306)	(87,929)
Transaction expenses related to the Pangiam Acquisition	—	—	—	1,450

Pro Forma Financial Data (Unaudited)

The following table presents the pro forma consolidated results of operations of BigBear.ai for the six months ended June 30, 2024 as though the acquisition of Pangiam had been completed as of January 1, 2024.

	Pro forma for the six months ended June 30, 2024
Net revenue	\$ 79,215
Net loss	\$ (141,040)

The amounts included in the pro forma information are based on the historical results and do not necessarily represent what would have occurred if the business combination had taken place as of January 1, 2024, nor do they represent the results that may occur in the future. Accordingly, the pro forma financial information should not be relied upon as being indicative of the results that would have been realized had the acquisition occurred as of the date indicated or that may be achieved in the future.

Note 6—Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, short-term debt, including the current portion of long-term debt, accrued liabilities and other current liabilities are reflected on the consolidated balance sheets at amounts that approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of these financial assets and liabilities.

Certain warrants that were issued at BigBear.ai's initial public offering ("*IPO Private Warrants*"), warrants issued in BigBear.ai's 2023 and 2024 private placement warrants ("*PIPE Warrants*"), and warrants issued in BigBear.ai's 2023, 2024 and 2025 registered direct offering warrants ("*RDO Warrants*") are valued using a modified Black-Scholes option pricing model ("*OPM*"). The conversion options of the 2026 Convertible Notes ("*2026 Notes Conversion Option*") and 2029 Convertible Notes ("*2029 Notes Conversion Option*") are valued using a binomial lattice convertible bond model and discounted cash flow method, considering the traded price of the 2026 Convertible Notes and 2029 Convertible Notes, respectively, and other unobservable input assumptions. The 2026 Notes Conversion Option, 2029 Notes Conversion Option, IPO Private Warrants, PIPE Warrants and RDO Warrants are considered to be Level 3 fair value measurements. See Note 17—Derivatives for information on the Level 3 inputs used to value the IPO Private Warrants, PIPE Warrants, RDO Warrants, 2026 Notes Conversion Option, and the 2029 Notes Conversion Option.

The table below presents the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value :

		June 30, 2025			
Balance Sheet Caption		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements:					
2029 Notes Conversion Option	Derivative liabilities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 169,135	\$ 169,135
2026 Notes Conversion Option	Derivative liabilities	—	—	2,468	2,468
IPO Private Warrants	Derivative liabilities	—	—	220	220
2025 RDO Warrants	Derivative liabilities	—	—	21,376	21,376
Total recurring fair value measurements:		\$ —	\$ —	\$ 193,199	\$ 193,199

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		June 30, 2025				
Balance Sheet Caption		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Nonrecurring fair value measurement:						
Goodwill ⁽²⁾	Goodwill	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 48,446	\$	48,446

		December 31, 2024				
Balance Sheet Caption		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Recurring fair value measurements:						
IPO Private Warrants	Derivative liabilities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 290	\$	290
2024 PIPE Warrants	Derivative liabilities	—	—	32,760		32,760
2024 RDO Warrants	Derivative liabilities	—	—	21,634		21,634
2029 Notes Conversion Option	Derivative liabilities	—	—	115,831		115,831
Total recurring fair value measurements:		\$ —	\$ —	\$ 170,515	\$	170,515
Nonrecurring fair value measurement:						
Goodwill ⁽¹⁾	Goodwill	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 119,081	\$	119,081

⁽¹⁾ As of March 31, 2024, in accordance with Subtopic 350-20, goodwill with a carrying amount of \$ 204.8 million was written down to its implied fair value of \$119.8 million, resulting in an impairment charge of \$85.0 million, which was included in earnings during the first quarter of 2024. Differences between the implied fair value of \$ 119.1 million and the balance as of December 31, 2024 relate to subsequent measurement period adjustments.

⁽²⁾ As of June 30, 2025, in accordance with Subtopic 350-20, goodwill with a carrying amount \$ 119.1 million was written down to its implied fair value of \$ 48.4 million, resulting in an impairment charge of \$70.6 million, which was included in earnings during the second quarter of 2025.

The changes in the fair value of the Level 3 liabilities are as follows:

	IPO private warrants	2026 Notes Conversion Option	2024 PIPE warrants	2024 RDO Warrants	2025 RDO warrants	2029 Notes Conversion Option
December 31, 2024	\$ 290	\$ —	\$ 32,760	\$ 21,634	\$ —	\$ 115,831
Additions	—	—	—	—	18,586	—
Changes in fair value	(70)	2,468	42,480	17,631	2,790	53,304
Settlements	—	—	(75,240)	(39,265)	—	—
June 30, 2025	\$ 220	\$ 2,468	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,376	\$ 169,135

Note 7—Goodwill

First Quarter of Fiscal 2024

During the first quarter of fiscal 2024, we performed a quantitative impairment analysis as a result of a decrease in the Company's share price during the quarter compared to the share price of the equity issued as consideration for the purchase of Pangiam as described in Note 5. As a result of this testing, we recorded an \$85.0 million non-cash goodwill impairment charge during the three months ended March 31, 2024. Our goodwill impairment test reflected an allocation of 50% and 50% between the income and market-based approaches, respectively. Significant inputs into the valuation models included the discount rate, EBITDA growth and estimated future cash flows. We used a discount rate of 30.7%, guideline peer group and their historical and forward-looking revenues in the goodwill impairment test. Subsequent to the impairment, there was no excess of reporting unit fair value over carrying value.

First Quarter of Fiscal 2025

There were no goodwill impairment charges recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

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Second Quarter of Fiscal 2025

During the second quarter of fiscal 2025, we performed a triggering event analysis to determine if it was more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit was less than the carrying value. It was determined that there was a triggering event related to the downward revisions of the short and long-term forecasts. As a result of this assessment, we performed a quantitative impairment analysis and the Company recorded a \$70.6 million non-cash impairment charge during the three months ended June 30, 2025. Our goodwill impairment test reflected an allocation of 50% and 50% between the income and market-based approaches, respectively. Significant inputs into the valuation models included the discount rate, EBITDA growth and estimated future cash flows. We used a discount rate of 12%, guideline peer group and their historical and forward-looking revenues in the goodwill impairment test. Subsequent to the impairment, there was no excess of reporting unit fair value over carrying value.

Accumulated impairment losses to goodwill were \$209.2 million as of June 30, 2025.

The table below presents the changes in carrying amount of goodwill:

As of December 31, 2024	\$	119,081
Impairment of Goodwill		(70,636)
As of June 30, 2025	\$	48,446

Note 8—Intangible Assets, net

The intangible asset balances and accumulated amortization are as follows:

June 30, 2025					
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Impact of foreign currency translation	Net carrying amount	Weighted average useful life in years
Customer relationships	\$ 96,270	\$ (18,472)	\$ —	\$ 77,798	20
Technology	41,035	(19,596)	—	21,439	7
Software for sale	16,870	(2,166)	491	15,195	3
Trade name	1,560	(371)	—	1,189	5
Total	\$ 155,735	\$ (40,605)	\$ 491	\$ 115,621	

December 31, 2024					
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Impact of foreign currency translation	Net carrying amount	Weighted average useful life in years
Customer relationships	\$ 96,270	\$ (16,064)	\$ —	\$ 80,206	20
Technology	41,035	(16,665)	—	24,370	7
Software for sale	14,459	(927)	(289)	13,243	3
Trade name	1,560	(260)	—	1,300	5
Total	\$ 153,324	\$ (33,916)	\$ (289)	\$ 119,119	

The table below presents all amortization expense related to all intangible assets as well as amortization expense related to capitalized software for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Total amortization expense related to intangible assets	\$ 3,340	\$ 2,794	\$ 6,690	\$ 5,133
Amortization expense related to capitalized software	\$ 615	\$ 224	\$ 1,240	\$ 224

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The table below presents the estimated amortization expense on intangible assets for the next five years and thereafter as of June 30, 2025:

Remainder of 2025	\$	11,710
2026		14,190
2027		10,979
2028		8,209
2029		6,835
Thereafter		63,698
Total estimated amortization expense	\$	115,621

Note 9—Prepaid expenses and other current assets

The table below presents details on prepaid expenses and other current assets:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Prepaid insurance	\$ 482	\$ 1,021
Prepaid taxes	1,523	249
Prepaid software and subscriptions	1,530	2,074
Other prepaid expenses	860	424
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 4,395	\$ 3,768

Note 10—Accrued Liabilities

The table below presents details on accrued liabilities:

	June 30 2025	December 31 2024
Payroll accruals ⁽¹⁾	\$ 13,600	\$ 13,533
Accrued interest	408	231
Legal accruals	386	450
Other accrued expenses	2,148	5,283
Impact of foreign currency translation	13	(1)
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 16,555	\$ 19,496

⁽¹⁾ Inclusive of employer portion of taxes related to the vesting of equity awards and accrued subcontractor labor.

Note 11—Debt

The table below presents the Company's debt balances:

	June 30 2025	December 31, 2024
2026 Convertible Notes	\$ 17,668	\$ 17,668
2029 Convertible Notes	124,605	182,332
D&O Financing Loan	367	818
Total debt	142,640	200,818
Less: unamortized debt issuance discount and costs	39,590	64,596
Total debt, net	103,050	136,222
Less: current portion	367	818
Long-term debt, net	\$ 102,683	\$ 135,404

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2026 Convertible Notes

On December 7, 2021, the Company issued \$200.0 million of unsecured convertible notes (the “2026 Convertible Notes”) to certain investors. The 2026 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.0% per annum, payable semi-annually, and not including any interest payments that are settled with the issuance of shares, were initially convertible into 17,391,304 shares of the Company’s common stock at an initial conversion price of \$1.50 (the “Conversion Price”). The Conversion Price is subject to adjustments. On May 29, 2022, pursuant to the 2026 Convertible Notes indenture, the conversion rate applicable to the 2026 Convertible Notes was adjusted to 94.2230 (previously 86.9565) shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2026 Convertible Notes because the average of the daily volume-weighted average price of the common stock during the preceding 30 trading days was less than \$10.00 (the “Conversion Rate Reset”). After giving effect to the Conversion Rate Reset, the Conversion Price is \$10.61 and the 2026 Convertible Notes are convertible into 18,844,600 shares, not including any interest payments that are settled with the issuance of shares. The 2026 Convertible Note financing matures on December 15, 2026.

The Company may, at its election and subject to certain conditions, force conversion of the 2026 Convertible Notes after December 15, 2022 and prior to October 7, 2026 if the trading price of the Company’s common stock exceeds 130% of the conversion price for 20 out of the preceding 30 trading days and the 30-day average daily trading volume ending on, and including, the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to \$3.0 million for the first two years after the initial issuance of the 2026 Convertible Notes and \$2.0 million thereafter. In connection with such forced conversion, the conversion rate for the 2026 Convertible Notes will be increased but no Interest Make-Whole Payment (as defined below) will be made in connection with such forced conversion. In the event that a holder of the 2026 Convertible Notes elects to convert the 2026 Convertible Notes (a) prior to December 15, 2024, the Company will be obligated to pay an amount equal to twelve months of interest or (b) on or after December 15, 2024 but prior to December 15, 2025, any accrued and unpaid interest plus any remaining amounts that would be owed up to, but excluding, December 15, 2025 (such interest payments, an “Interest Make-Whole Payments”). The Interest Make-Whole Payments will be payable in cash or shares of the common stock, depending on the average of the daily volume-weighted average price per share of the Company’s common stock for a specified period immediately prior to such conversion, as set forth in the Indenture.

Following certain corporate events that occur prior to the maturity date or if the Company exercises its mandatory conversion right, the conversion rate will be increased in certain circumstances for a holder who elects, or has been forced, to convert its 2026 Convertible Notes in connection with such corporate events or such mandatory conversion.

If a Fundamental Change (as defined in the 2026 Convertible Notes indenture) occurs prior to the maturity date, holders of the 2026 Convertible Notes will have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any portion of their 2026 Convertible Notes in principal amounts of one thousand dollars or an integral multiple thereof, at a repurchase price equal to the principal amount of the 2026 Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date.

On May 29, 2022, pursuant to the conversion rate adjustment provisions in the indenture, governing the 2026 Convertible Notes, the Conversion Price was adjusted to \$0.61 (or 94.2230 shares of common stock per one thousand dollars of principal amount of Convertible Notes). Subsequent to the adjustment, the 2026 Convertible Notes are convertible into 18,844,600 shares, not including any interest payments that are settled with the issuance of shares.

The 2026 Convertible Notes contain conversion features that meet the definition of a derivative and require separate accounting treatment from the debt host. Refer to Note 17 —Derivatives for more information on the 2026 Notes Conversion Option.

2029 Convertible Notes

On December 19, 2024, the Company entered into privately negotiated exchange agreements (each, an “Exchange Agreement”) with a limited number of holders of the Company’s 2026 Convertible Notes, to exchange the 2026 Convertible Notes for new senior secured convertible notes due 2029 (the “2029 Convertible Notes”, together with the 2026 Convertible Notes, the “Convertible Notes”). The Company exchanged (the “Exchange Transaction”) approximately \$182.3 million principal amount of the 2026 Convertible Notes for \$182.3 million in aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 2029 Convertible Notes and approximately \$0.4 million in cash, with such cash payment representing the accrued and unpaid interest on the 2026 Convertible Notes at the time of the Exchange Transaction. The 2029 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of (i) 6.0% per annum, if interest is paid in cash and (ii) 7.0% per annum, if the Company elects, subject to certain conditions, to pay interest in kind with shares of its common stock. To the extent that the certain liquidity conditions of the Company and its subsidiaries is not satisfied as of the last business day of any calendar month, then with respect to the period applicable to the interest payment date

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immediately following the month in which such liquidity condition is not satisfied, the interest rate will be (i) 9.00% per annum, if interest is paid in cash and (ii) 10.00% per annum, if the Company elects, subject to certain conditions, to pay interest in kind with shares of its common stock (it being understood that such increased rate shall apply solely for such six-month period applicable to such interest payment date). Interest is payable semi-annually. The conversion rate is 281.4491 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2029 Convertible Notes, which represents an initial conversion price of \$3.55 per share of the Company's common stock. The conversion rate and the conversion price are subject to adjustments. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a "Make-Whole Fundamental Change" (as defined in the 2029 Convertible Notes Indenture) occur, then the conversion rate will, in certain circumstances, be increased for a specified period of time.

The exchange was accounted for as an extinguishment of the 2026 Convertible Notes and the 2029 Convertible Notes were recognized at fair value, which approximated the carrying amount of the principal balances exchanged. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company recognized a loss on extinguishment of \$31.3 million on the consolidated statements of operations related to the unamortized debt issuance costs of the exchanged 2026 Convertible Notes. The Company was in compliance with all covenants through the extinguishment of the exchanged 2026 Convertible Notes.

The 2029 Convertible Notes were issued pursuant to, and are governed by, an indenture (the "2029 Convertible Notes Indenture"), dated as of December 27, 2024. The 2029 Convertible Notes will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed, on a senior, secured basis, by the Company and certain of its existing and future direct and indirect subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions (the "Guarantors"), and will initially be secured on a first-priority basis by substantially all assets of the Company and such Guarantors, subject to certain exceptions.

Upon completion of the Exchange Transaction, the aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Convertible Notes outstanding was \$7.7 million. The Company did not receive any cash proceeds from the issuance of the 2029 Convertible Notes pursuant to the Exchange Transactions.

Holders who convert their 2029 Convertible Notes will also be entitled to an interest make-whole payment of up to 7.5% of the aggregate principal amount of notes converted, subject to reduction as further described in the 2029 Convertible Notes Indenture. Interest make-whole payments are payable in cash or shares of common stock, depending on the average of the daily volume-weighted average price per share of the Company's common stock for a specified period immediately prior to such conversion. Payment of the interest make-whole in shares will be at a price equal to 95% of such average of the daily volume-weighted average price.

The 2029 Convertible Notes will not be redeemable at the Company's election before December 27, 2025. The 2029 Convertible Notes will be redeemable, in whole but not in part (subject to certain limitations), for cash at the Company's option at any time, and from time to time, on or after December 27, 2025 and prior to the close of business on November 16, 2029, but only if the last reported sale price per share of the Company's common stock exceeds 130% of the conversion price for a specified period of time and certain other conditions are satisfied. The redemption price will be equal to the principal amount of the 2029 Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the redemption date.

If a Fundamental Change (as defined in the 2029 Convertible Notes Indenture) occurs, holders of the 2029 Convertible Notes will have the right to require the Company to repurchase their 2029 Convertible Notes for cash in principal amounts of the 2029 Convertible Notes to be repurchased of one thousand dollars, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the applicable repurchase date, plus any remaining amounts that would be owed to, but excluding, the maturity date.

The 2026 Convertible Notes and the 2029 Convertible Notes require the Company to meet certain financial and other covenants. As of June 30, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants related to the Convertible Notes.

The 2029 Convertible Notes contain conversion features that meet the definition of a derivative and require separate accounting treatment from the debt host. Refer to Note 17—Derivatives for more information on the 2029 Notes Conversion Option.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, \$57.7 million of the 2029 Convertible Notes were voluntarily converted by noteholders following the Exchange Transaction. These conversions have resulted in the issuance of 16.7 million shares of common stock.

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The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values associated with the Convertible Notes as of June 30, 2025. The fair value of the Convertible Notes is considered to be a Level 3 fair value measurement.

	Outstanding balance	Unamortized issuance costs and debt discount	Carrying value	Fair value
2026 Convertible Notes	\$ 17,668	\$ (1,792)	\$ 15,876	\$ 18,091
2029 Convertible Notes	124,605	(37,798)	86,807	261,066
Total	\$ 142,273	\$ (39,590)	\$ 102,683	\$ 279,157

D&O Financing Loan

On December 13, 2024, the Company entered into a \$1.1 million loan (the “2025 D&O Financing Loan”) with AFCO Credit Corporation to finance the Company’s directors and officers insurance premium through September 2025. The D&O Financing Loan has an interest rate of 5.99% per annum and a maturity date of September 8, 2025.

On December 20, 2023, the Company entered into a \$1.2 million loan (the “2024 D&O Financing Loan”) with US Premium Finance to finance the Company’s directors and officers insurance premium through September 2024. The D&O Financing Loan had an interest rate of 6.99% per annum and a maturity date of September 8, 2024. The 2024 D&O Financing Loan was fully repaid at maturity.

Note 12—Leases

The Company is obligated under operating leases for certain real estate and office equipment assets. The Company’s finance leases are not material. Certain leases contained predetermined fixed escalation of minimum rents at rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.6% per annum and remaining lease terms of up to ten years, some of which include renewal options that could extend certain leases to up to an additional five years.

The following table presents supplemental information related to leases:

	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Weighted average remaining lease term	7.79	5.09
Weighted average discount rate	13.62%	13.43%

The table below summarizes total lease costs for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Operating lease expense	\$ 644	\$ 585	\$ 1,321	\$ 972
Variable lease expense	73	43	168	69
Short-term lease expense	—	10	—	14
Lease expense	\$ 717	\$ 638	\$ 1,489	\$ 1,055
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Sublease income recognized ⁽¹⁾	\$ 69	\$ 19	\$ 96	\$ 42

⁽¹⁾ As of June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, the Company has subleased four and two of its real estate leases, respectively.

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The following table presents supplemental cash flow and non-cash information related to leases:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities - operating cash flows from leases	\$ 1,193	\$ 1,003
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations - non-cash activity	\$ —	\$ 5,942

As of June 30, 2025, the future annual minimum lease payments for operating leases are as follows:

Remainder of 2025	\$ 1,164
2026	2,275
2027	1,695
2028	1,668
2029	1,713
Thereafter	7,352
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 15,867
Less: amounts related to imputed interest	6,277
Present value of future minimum lease payments	9,590
Less: current portion of long-term lease liability	1,096
Long-term lease liability	\$ 8,494

Note 13—Income Taxes

The table below presents the effective income tax rate for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Effective tax rate	— %	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	— %

The Company was taxed as a corporation for federal, state and local income tax purposes for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024. The effective tax rate for the three month periods ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 differ from the U.S. federal income tax rate of 21.0% primarily due to foreign, state, and local income taxes, permanent differences between book and taxable income, certain discrete items, and the change in valuation allowance.

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act (“OBBBA”) was enacted in the U.S. The OBBBA includes significant provisions, such as the permanent extension of certain expiring provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, modifications to the international tax framework and the restoration of favorable tax treatment for certain business provisions. We are currently assessing its impact on our financial statements and do not expect this to have a material impact on our financial statements.

Note 14—Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies in the Normal Course of Business

Under certain contracts with the U.S. government and certain governmental entities, contract costs, including indirect costs, are subject to audit by and adjustment through negotiation with governmental representatives. Revenue is recorded in amounts expected to be realized on final settlement of any such audits.

Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to litigation, claims, investigations and audits arising from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Although legal proceedings are inherently unpredictable, the Company intends to defend itself vigorously with respect to any matters currently pending against it. The outcome of these matters, individually and in the aggregate, is not expected to

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have a material impact on the Company's consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of operations, or cash flows. As of June 30, 2025, the Company has accrued \$0.4 million related to various ongoing legal disputes. The \$0.4 million balance as of June 30, 2025, reflects management's best estimate as of that date and is net of any anticipated amounts recoverable through insurance.

Note 15—Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

The table below presents the details of the Company's authorized common stock as of the following periods:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Common stock:		
Authorized shares of common stock	500,000,000	500,000,000
Common stock par value per share	\$ 0.0001	\$ 0.0001
Common stock outstanding at the period end	369,171,608	251,554,378

Treasury Stock

These shares are measured at cost and presented as treasury stock on the consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of stockholders' equity (deficit).

Dividend Rights

Subject to applicable law and the rights, if any, of the holders of any outstanding series of the Company's preferred stock or any class or series of stock having a preference over or the right to participate with the Company's common stock with respect to the payment of dividends, dividends may be declared and paid ratably on the Company's common stock out of the assets of the Company that are legally available for this purpose at such times and in such amounts as the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") in its discretion shall determine.

Voting Rights

Each outstanding share of the Company's common stock is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Holders of shares of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights.

Conversion or Redemption Rights

The Company's common stock is neither convertible nor redeemable.

Liquidation Rights

Upon the Company's liquidation, the holders of the Company's common stock are entitled to receive pro rata the Company's assets that are legally available for distribution, after payment of all debts and other liabilities and subject to the prior rights of any holders of the Company's preferred stock then outstanding.

Preferred Stock

The table below presents the details of the Company's authorized preferred stock as of the following periods:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Preferred stock:		
Authorized shares of preferred stock	1,000,000	1,000,000
Preferred stock par value per share	\$ 0.0001	\$ 0.0001
Preferred stock outstanding at the period end	—	—

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The Company's Board may, without further action by the Company's stockholders, from time to time, direct the issuance of shares of preferred stock in series and may, at the time of issuance, determine the designations, powers, preferences, privileges and relative participating, optional or special rights as well as the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption and liquidation preferences, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of the Company's common stock. Satisfaction of any dividend preferences of outstanding shares of the Company's preferred stock would reduce the amount of funds available for the payment of dividends on shares of the Company's common stock. Upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office, the Company's Board may issue shares of the Company's preferred stock with voting and conversion rights which could adversely affect the holders of shares of the Company's common stock.

Note 16—At-the-Market Offering

In April 2023, the Company filed an automatic shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "2023 Shelf Registration Statement") with the SEC registering an indeterminate amount of its common stock, preferred stock, warrants, rights, and units (collectively, "Company securities"), which the SEC declared effective on April 21, 2023. Pursuant to the Company's controlled equity offering agreement (the "Controlled Equity Offering Agreement") dated as of May 10, 2024, with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. ("Cantor"), as sales agent, under an "at the market" offering program (the "ATM Program"), the Company agreed to pay commissions to Cantor as its sales agent for their service with respect to the sales of common stock through the ATM Program.

Pursuant to the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement, the Company may offer and sell common stock from time to time to or through Cantor, subject to the Company's compliance with applicable laws and the applicable requirements of the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement. The Controlled Equity Offering Agreement stipulates that the Company will pay Cantor a commission of up to 3.0% of the gross offering proceeds of any shares of common stock sold to or through Cantor pursuant to the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement. The Company intends to use the net proceeds from sales of common stock issued under the ATM Program for general corporate and working capital purposes. The timing of any sales and the number of shares sold will depend on a variety of factors to be determined and considered by the Company. The Company is not obligated to sell any shares under the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement.

In May 2024, the Company filed a prospectus supplement to the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement which allows the Company to sell, from time to time and at its discretion, Company securities having an aggregate offering price of up to \$150 million including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to the Company's Controlled Equity Offering Agreement (the "May 2024 Sales Agreement").

In June 2025, the Company filed a prospectus supplement to the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement which allows the Company to sell, from time to time and at its discretion, Company securities having an aggregate offering price of up to \$150 million including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to the Company's Controlled Equity Offering Agreement (the "June 2025 Sales Agreement").

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The following table summarizes the terms and provisions of each sales agreement, and each Common Stock ATM Offering that was active during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and the year ended December 31, 2024. The maximum aggregate offering price and cumulative net proceeds (less sales commissions and expenses) for each Common Stock ATM Offering in the following table are reported in thousands.

	May 2024 Sales Agreement	June 2025 Sales Agreement
Agreement effective date		
Maximum aggregate offering price (\$ thousands)	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Maximum commissions payable to sales agents on gross proceeds from sale of shares	3.0%	3.0%
Expiration date / date substantially depleted	May 28, 2025	June 16, 2025
As of June 30, 2025:		
Cumulative gross proceeds received from shares sold under such sales agreement (\$ thousands)	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Maximum aggregate offering price remaining available for sale under such sales agreement.	\$ —	\$ —

The following table summarizes the sales activity of each sales agreement that was active during 2025 or 2024 for the periods indicated. The net proceeds (less sales commissions and expenses) for each Common Stock ATM Offering in the following table are reported in thousands.

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Number of shares sold under such sales agreement:		
May 2024 Sales Agreement	39,555,415	—
June 2025 Sales Agreement	37,697,898	—
Total shares sold pursuant to Common Stock ATM Offerings	77,253,313	—
Net proceeds received from shares sold under such sales agreement (\$ thousands):		
May 2024 Sales Agreement	\$ 147,375	\$ —
June 2025 Sales Agreement	\$ 147,375	\$ —
Total net proceeds received from shares sold pursuant to Common Stock ATM Offerings	\$ 294,750	\$ —

The sales commissions and expenses related to each of the above Common Stock ATM Offerings are considered direct and incremental costs and are charged against “Additional paid-in capital” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in the period in which the corresponding shares are issued and sold.

Note 17—Derivatives

2026 Notes Conversion Option

On December 7, 2021, the Company issued \$200 million of unsecured convertible notes (the “2026 Convertible Notes”) to certain investors. The 2026 Convertible Notes contain conversion features that meet the definition of a derivative and require separate accounting treatment from the debt host.

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The table below presents the value of the 2026 Notes Conversion Option under the Binomial Lattice Model using the following assumptions as of the following dates:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Value of 2026 Notes Conversion Option	\$ 2,468	\$ 322
Conversion price	\$ 10.61	\$ 10.61
Common stock price	\$ 6.79	\$ 4.45
Expected option term (years)	1.5	1.9
Expected volatility	75.00%	40.00%
Risk-free rate of return	3.80%	4.25%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%	—%

As of June 30, 2025, the 2026 Notes Conversion Option had a fair value of \$2.5 million and is presented on the consolidated balance sheets within derivative liabilities. A loss of \$2.5 million was recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2025, and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

As of June 30, 2025, the remaining principal of the 2026 Convertible Notes outstanding was \$17.7 million.

2029 Notes Conversion Option

On December 19, 2024, the Company entered into privately negotiated Exchange Agreements with a limited number of holders of the Company's 2026 Convertible Notes, to exchange the 2026 Convertible Notes for 2029 Convertible Notes. The 2029 Convertible Notes contain conversion features that meet the definition of a derivative and require separate accounting treatment from the debt host.

The table below presents the value of the 2029 Notes Conversion Option under the Binomial Lattice Model using the following assumptions as of the following dates:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Value of 2029 Notes Conversion Option (\$ thousands)	\$ 169,135	\$ 115,831
Conversion price	\$ 3.55	\$ 3.55
Common stock price	\$ 6.79	\$ 4.45
Expected option term (years)	4.5	5.0
Expected volatility	75.00%	37.60%
Risk-free rate of return	3.70%	4.30%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%	—%

As of June 30, 2025, the 2029 Notes Conversion Option had a fair value of \$169.1 million and is presented on the consolidated balance sheets within derivative liabilities. A loss of \$149.9 million was recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2025, and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, \$57.7 million of the 2029 Convertible Notes have been voluntarily converted by noteholders following the Exchange Transaction. These conversions resulted in the issuance of approximately 16.7 million shares of common stock in exchange for the retirement of the respective notes. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, upon conversion of the notes, there was a mark-to-market adjustment to increase the debt conversion option derivative liability, resulting in a loss of \$59.9 million, which is included in the net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations. In conjunction with the conversion, a loss of \$2.6 million was recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2025 related to the convertible debt discount and unamortized deferred financing costs, and is presented in loss on extinguishment of debt on the consolidated statements of operations.

As of June 30, 2025, the remaining principal of the 2029 Convertible Notes outstanding was \$124.6 million.

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2023 RDO Warrants

On June 13, 2023, the Company consummated the closing of a registered direct offering pursuant to an Underwriting Agreement with Cowen and Company, LLC, as representative of the underwriters, for the sale and purchase of an aggregate of 11,848,341 shares of common stock at par value and accompanying common warrants (*RDO warrants*). Each share of common stock is accompanied by a common warrant to purchase three-quarters of a share of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.32 per share. The RDO warrants were initially exercisable for up to 8,886,255 shares of common stock and became exercisable six months after issuance and had a five-year term.

On February 27, 2024, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement (the *RDO Warrant Exercise Agreement*) with an existing accredited investor (the *RDO Investor*) to exercise in full the outstanding RDO warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 8,886,255 shares of the Company's common stock for gross proceeds of \$20.6 million. Upon settlement of the RDO warrants, a loss of \$10.1 million was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

2024 RDO Warrants

In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the RDO warrants, on February 28, 2024, the RDO Investor received a new unregistered common stock purchase warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 5,800,000 of the Company's common stock (the *2024 RDO warrants*) in a private placement. The 2024 RDO warrants became exercisable six months after issuance and had a five-year term, with an exercise price per share equal to \$3.78.

The table below presents the value of the 2024 RDO warrants under the Black-Scholes OPM using the following assumptions as of the following dates:

	December 31 2024
Value of each 2024 RDO warrant	\$ 3.73
Exercise price	\$ 3.78
Common stock price	\$ 4.45
Expected option term (years)	4.7
Expected volatility	120.00%
Risk-free rate of return	4.31%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%

On February 5, 2025, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement (the *RDO Warrant Exercise Agreement*) with an existing accredited investor (the *RDO Investor*) to exercise in full the outstanding 2024 RDO warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 5,800,000 shares of the Company's common stock for gross proceeds of \$21.9 million. Upon settlement of the RDO warrants, a loss of \$14.3 million was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

2025 RDO Warrants

In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the 2024 RDO warrants, on February 5, 2025, the RDO Investor received a new unregistered common stock purchase warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 3,770,000 of the Company's common stock (the *2025 RDO warrants*) in a private placement. The 2025 RDO warrants will become exercisable six months after issuance and have a five-year term, with an exercise price per share equal to \$9.00.

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The table below presents the value of the 2025 RDO warrants under the Black-Scholes OPM using the following assumptions as of the following dates:

	June 30, 2025	February 6, 2025
Value of each 2025 RDO warrant	\$ 5.67	\$ 4.93
Exercise price	\$ 9.00	\$ 9.00
Common stock price	\$ 6.79	\$ 6.77
Expected option term (years)	5.1	5.5
Expected volatility	125.00%	95.00%
Risk-free rate of return	3.76%	4.25%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%	—%

As of June 30, 2025, the 2025 RDO warrants had a fair value of \$21.4 million and is presented on the consolidated balance sheets within derivative liabilities. A loss of \$2.8 million, which includes transaction costs associated with the issuance of the RDO warrants, was recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and are presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

As of June 30, 2025, there were 3,770,000 2025 RDO warrants issued and outstanding.

2023 PIPE Warrants

On January 19, 2023, the Company consummated the closing of a private placement (the “*Private Placement*”) by and among the Company and Armistice Capital Master Fund Ltd (the “*Purchaser*”). At the closing of the Private Placement, the Company issued 13,888,889 shares of the Company’s common stock at par value and warrants to purchase up to an additional 13,888,889 shares of common stock (the “*PIPE warrants*”). The PIPE warrants became exercisable six months after issuance and had a five-year term, with an exercise price of \$2.39 per share. The PIPE warrants were subject to a 4.99% beneficial ownership limitation.

On March 4, 2024, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement (the “*PIPE Warrant Exercise Agreement*”) with an existing accredited investor (the “*PIPE Investor*”) to exercise in full the outstanding PIPE warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 13,888,889 shares of the Company’s common stock for gross proceeds of \$33.2 million. Upon settlement of the PIPE warrants, a loss of \$32.2 million was recognized as a result of the change in fair value for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

2024 PIPE Warrants

In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the 2023 PIPE warrants, on March 5, 2024, the PIPE Investor received a new unregistered common stock purchase warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 9,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “*2024 PIPE warrant*”) in a private placement. The 2024 PIPE warrants became exercisable six months after issuance and had a five-year term, with an exercise price per share equal to \$4.75.

The table below presents the value of the 2024 PIPE warrants under the Black-Scholes OPM using the following assumptions as of the following dates:

	December 31, 2024
Value of each 2024 PIPE warrant	\$ 3.64
Exercise price	\$ 4.75
Common stock price	\$ 4.45
Expected option term (years)	4.7
Expected volatility	120.00%
Risk-free rate of return	4.32%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%

On February 10, 2025, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement (the “*PIPE Warrant Exercise Agreement*”) with an

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existing accredited investor (the “PIPE Investor”) to exercise 4,500,000 of the outstanding PIPE warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 9,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock for gross proceeds of \$21.4 million. Upon settlement of the PIPE warrants, a gain of \$0.2 million was recognized as a result of the change in fair value for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

On February 11, 2025, the Company entered into an additional PIPE Warrant Exercise Agreement with the same PIPE Investor to exercise the remaining 4,500,000 of the outstanding PIPE warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 9,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock for gross proceeds of \$21.4 million. Upon settlement of the PIPE warrants, a gain of \$0.1 million was recognized as a result of the change in fair value for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations.

IPO Public Warrants

Each warrant issued in connection with the Company’s initial public offering (the “*IPO public warrants*”) entitles the registered holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. Pursuant to the warrant agreement, a warrant holder may exercise its warrants only for a whole number of shares of common stock. This means only a whole warrant may be exercised at a given time by a warrant holder. The warrants will expire on December 7, 2026, at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

The Company may call the IPO public warrants for redemption as follows: (1) in whole and not in part; (2) at a price of \$0.01 per warrant; (3) upon a minimum of 30 days’ prior written notice of redemption; (4) if there is an effective registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and a current prospectus available throughout the 30-day notice period; and (5) only if the last reported closing price of the common stock equals or exceeds \$8.00 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.

If the Company calls the IPO public warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Company IPO public warrants to do so on a “cashless basis.”

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the IPO public warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including stock dividends, stock splits, extraordinary dividends, consolidation, combination, reverse stock split or reclassification of shares of the Company’s common stock or other similar event. In no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrant shares.

The table below presents the Company’s IPO public warrants issued and outstanding as of the following periods:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
IPO public warrants issued	12,251,606	12,168,378
IPO public warrants outstanding	12,251,606	12,168,378

IPO Private Warrants

The terms and provisions of the IPO public warrants above also apply to the private warrants issued by the Company (“*IPO private warrants*”). If the IPO private warrants are held by holders other than GigAcquisitions4, LLC (“*Sponsor*”), Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. and Nomura Securities International, Inc. (together, the “*Underwriters*”), or any respective permitted transferees, the IPO private warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by the holders on the same basis as the IPO public warrants. The Sponsor, the Underwriters and any respective permitted transferees have the option to exercise the IPO private warrants on a cashless basis.

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The table below presents the value of the IPO private warrants under the Black-Scholes OPM using the following assumptions as of the following dates:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Fair value of each IPO private warrant	\$ 2.97	\$ 1.84
Exercise price	\$ 11.50	\$ 11.50
Common stock price	\$ 6.79	\$ 1.46
Expected option term (in years)	1.4	2.2
Expected volatility	125.00%	93.30%
Risk-free rate of return	3.82%	3.60%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%	—%

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the IPO private warrants have a fair value of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million and are presented on the consolidated balance sheets within derivative liabilities. The following was recognized as a result of the change in fair value for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 and is presented in net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives on the consolidated statements of operations:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of IPO private warrants	\$ 151	\$ (35)	\$ (69)	\$ (35)

The table below presents the Company's IPO private warrants issued and outstanding as of the following periods:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
IPO private warrants issued	74,166	157,394
IPO private warrants outstanding	74,166	157,394

Note 18—Equity-Based Compensation

Class B Unit Incentive Plan

In February 2021, the Company's parent, BBAI Ultimate Holdings, LLC ("*Parent*") adopted a compensatory benefit plan (the "*Class B Unit Incentive Plan*") to provide incentives to directors, managers, officers, employees, consultants, advisors and/or other service providers of the Company's Parent or its Subsidiaries in the form of the Parent's Class B Units ("*Incentive Units*"). Incentive Units have a participation threshold of \$1.00 and are divided into three tranches ("*Tranche I*," "*Tranche II*," and "*Tranche III*"). Tranche I Incentive Units are subject to performance-based, service-based and market-based conditions. The grant date fair value for the Incentive Units was \$5.19 per unit.

The assumptions used in determining the fair value of the Incentive Units at the grant date are as follows:

	February 16, 2021
Volatility	57.0%
Risk-free interest rate	0.1%
Expected time to exit (in years)	1.6

On July 29, 2021, the Company's Parent amended the Class B Unit Incentive Plan so that the Tranche I and the Tranche III Incentive Units immediately became fully vested, subject to continued employment or provision of services, upon the closing of the transaction stipulated in the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "*Gig Business Combination Agreement*") dated June 4, 2021. The Company's Parent also amended the Class B Unit Incentive Plan so that the Tranche II Incentive Units will vest on any liquidation event, as defined in the Class B Unit Incentive Plan, rather than only upon the occurrence of an Exit Sale, subject to the market-based condition stipulated in the Class B Unit Incentive Plan prior to its amendment.

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Equity-based compensation for awards with performance conditions is based on the probable outcome of the related performance condition. The performance conditions required to vest per the amended Incentive Plan remain improbable until they occur due to the unpredictability of the events required to meet the vesting conditions. As such events are not considered probable until they occur, recognition of equity-based compensation for the Incentive Units is deferred until the vesting conditions are met. Once the event occurs, unrecognized compensation cost associated with the performance-vesting Incentive Units (based on their modification date fair value) will be recognized based on the portion of the requisite service period that has been rendered.

The modification date fair value of the Incentive Units was \$9.06 per unit. The assumptions used in determining the fair value of the Incentive Units at the modification date are as follows:

	July 29, 2021
Volatility	46.0%
Risk-free interest rate	0.2%
Expected time to exit (in years)	1.2

The volatility used in the determination of the fair value of the Incentive Units was based on analysis of the historical volatility of guideline public companies and factors specific to the Company.

On December 7, 2021, the previously announced Gig Business Combination was consummated. As a result, the Tranche I and Tranche III Incentive Units immediately became fully vested and the performance condition for the Tranche II Incentive Units was met. The fair value determined at the date of the amendment of the Class B Unit Incentive Plan was immediately recognized as compensation expense on the vesting date for Tranches I and III. Compensation expense for the Tranche II Incentive Units is recognized over the derived service period of 30 months from the modification date. The remaining compensation expense for the Tranche II Incentive Units will be recognized over the remaining service period of approximately 25 months from the date of the amendment. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company's Parent modified the vesting conditions for four former employees. Under the original terms of the grant agreements, Incentive Units are forfeited upon separation. Due to the amended agreement, the Incentive Units held by the former employees are no longer contingent upon service and are considered vested as of the separation dates. The former employees will not receive the awards until the market condition is achieved. The result of the amended agreement is an accounting modification that resulted in 100% of the compensation expense being recognized for the former employees based on the modification date fair value. The incremental compensation cost recognized as a result of the modification was \$1.5 million during the year ended December 31, 2022.

As of June 30, 2025, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to Tranche II Incentive Units and 1,155,000 units remain unvested.

Stock Options

On December 7, 2021, the Company adopted the BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. 2021 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "*Plan*"). The purpose of the Plan is to promote the long-term success of the Company and the creation of stockholder value by providing eligible employees, prospective employees, consultants and non-employee directors of the Company the opportunity to receive stock- and cash-based incentive awards.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, pursuant to the Plan, the Company's Board of Directors granted certain grantees Stock Options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at a weighted-average exercise price of \$3.39. The Stock Options vest over four years with 25% vesting on the one year anniversary of the grant date and 6.25% vesting on the last day of each calendar quarter thereafter until the grant is fully vested. Vesting is contingent upon continued employment or service to the Company and is accelerated in the event of death, disability, or a change in control, subject to certain conditions; both the vested and unvested portion of a Grantee's Stock Options will be immediately forfeited and cancelled if the Grantee ceases employment or service to the Company. The Stock Options expire on the 10th anniversary of the grant date.

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The table below presents the fair value of Stock Options that were granted during the six months ended June 30, 2025 using the Black-Scholes OPM and the following assumptions:

	January 15, 2025
Number of Stock Options granted	671,141
Price of common stock on the grant date	\$3.39
Expected option term (in years)	6.1
Expected volatility ⁽¹⁾	120%
Risk-free rate of return	4.45%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%
Fair value of the Stock Options on the grant date	\$2.98

⁽¹⁾ Expected volatility is based on a combination of implied and historical equity volatility of selected reasonably similar publicly traded companies.

The table below presents the activity and other information on the outstanding stock options:

	Stock Options Outstanding	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024	3,930,602	\$ 2.12	8.01	\$ 10,138
Granted	671,141	3.18		
Vested	—	—		
Exercised	(1,319,949)	1.70		
Forfeited	(769,982)	1.54		
Expired	—	—		
Outstanding as of June 30, 2025	2,511,812	\$ 2.81	6.61	\$ 10,426
Vested and exercisable as of June 30, 2025	1,476,721	\$ 2.62	6.28	\$ 6,484

	As of June 30, 2025
Unrecognized compensation costs related to the stock options	\$ 2,494
Weighted average recognition period for unrecognized compensation costs	2.88 years

Restricted Stock Units

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, pursuant to the Plan, the Company's Board communicated the key terms and committed to grant Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") to certain employees and certain nonemployee directors and consultants. The Company granted 7,452,143 RSUs to employees and no RSUs to nonemployee directors during the six months ended June 30, 2025. RSUs granted to employees generally vest over four years, with 25% vesting on the one year anniversary of the grant date and then 6.25% per each quarter thereafter on the two, three and four year anniversary of the grant date. RSUs granted to nonemployee directors vest 25% each quarter following the grant date or 100% upon the first anniversary of the grant date. Vesting of RSUs is accelerated in the event of death, disability, or a change in control, subject to certain conditions.

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The table below presents the activity and other information on the outstanding RSUs:

	RSUs Outstanding	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Unvested as of December 31, 2024	13,870,402	\$ 1.94
Granted	7,452,143	3.02
Vested	(4,105,068)	2.59
Forfeited	(2,985,257)	1.87
Unvested as of June 30, 2025	14,232,220	\$ 2.50
		As of June 30, 2025
Unrecognized compensation costs related to the RSUs		\$ 34,065
Weighted average recognition period for unrecognized compensation costs		1.46 years

Performance Stock Units

Pursuant to the Plan, the Company's Board communicated the key terms and granted Performance Stock Units ("PSUs") to certain employees. The Company grants PSUs to certain employees with performance measures specific to the role of that employee or as a retention incentive ("Discretionary PSUs"). During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted zero Discretionary PSUs. The Company granted 991,548 Short-term Incentive PSUs ("STI PSUs") to employees, which contain performance measures based on a combination of Company's financial performance as well as the individual's personal performance. The number of STI PSUs that will vest is based on the achievement of the performance criteria during each respective annual measurement period, provided that the employees remain in continuous service on each vesting date. Vesting will not occur unless a minimum performance criteria threshold is achieved.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Board approved grants of 991,548 and 1,708,283 PSUs to certain employees related to STIP PSUs for the 2024 and 2025 plan years, respectively. The 2024 STIP PSUs were granted in lieu of cash payouts and were fully vested upon award.

The table below presents the activity and other information on the outstanding PSUs:

	PSUs Outstanding	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Unvested as of December 31, 2024	2,933,616	\$ 2.88
Granted	2,699,831	3.68
Vested	(2,795,576)	2.97
Forfeited	(47,619)	3.46
Unvested as of June 30, 2025	2,790,252	\$ 3.37
		As of June 30, 2025
Unrecognized compensation costs related to the PSUs		\$ 3,940
Weighted average recognition period for unrecognized compensation costs		2.47 years

Employee Share Purchase Plan ("ESPP")

Concurrently with the adoption of the Plan, the Company's Board adopted the 2021 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), which authorizes the grant of rights to purchase common stock of the Company to employees, officers and directors (if they are otherwise employees) of the Company. As of June 30, 2025, the Company reserved an aggregate of 5,832,221 common shares (subject to annual increases on January 1 of each year and ending in 2031) of the Company's common stock for grants under the ESPP. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, 571,875 shares were sold under the ESPP. As of June 30, 2025, the Company has withheld employee contributions of \$0.2 million for future ESPP purchases, which are presented on the consolidated balance

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sheets within other current liabilities.

Equity-based compensation expense related to purchase rights issued under the ESPP is based on the Black-Scholes OPM fair value of the estimated number of awards as of the beginning of the offering period. Equity-based compensation expense is recognized using the straight-line method over the offering period.

The table below presents the assumptions used to estimate the grant date fair value of the purchase rights under the ESPP:

	June 1, 2025	December 31, 2024
Price of common stock on the grant date	\$ 3.95	\$1.50 to \$2.20
Expected term (in years)	0.50	0.50
Expected volatility ⁽¹⁾	130.0%	122.9% to 101.0%
Risk-free rate of return	4.3%	5.3% to 4.3%
Expected annual dividend yield	—%	—%
Fair value of the award on the grant date	\$ 1.99	\$0.74 to \$2.15

⁽¹⁾ Expected volatility is based on a combination of implied and historical equity volatility of selected reasonably similar publicly traded companies.

As of June 30, 2025, there was approximately \$0.1 million of unrecognized compensation costs related to the ESPP, which is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted average period of 0.50 years.

Equity-based Compensation Expense

The table below presents the total equity-based compensation expense recognized for Class B Units, Stock Options, RSUs, PSUs, and ESPP in selling, general and administrative expense, cost of revenues, and research and development for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Equity-based compensation expense in selling, general and administrative	\$ 2,439	\$ 3,980	\$ 6,526	\$ 6,151
Equity-based compensation expense in cost of revenues	1,349	970	3,885	3,452
Equity-based compensation expense in research and development	531	799	1,308	1,303
Total equity-based compensation expense	\$ 4,319	\$ 5,749	\$ 11,719	\$ 10,906

Note 19—Net Loss Per Share

The numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted net loss per share are computed as follows (in thousands, except per share, unit and per unit data):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Basic and diluted net loss per share				
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$ (228,619)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (290,605)	\$ (142,231)
Denominator:				
Basic	320,591,204	246,303,139	299,666,133	216,754,082
Diluted	320,591,204	246,303,139	299,666,133	216,754,082
Basic net loss per share	\$ (0.71)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.97)	\$ (0.66)
Diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.71)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.97)	\$ (0.66)

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The following securities were not included in the computation of diluted shares outstanding because the effect would be anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Stock options	2,139,040	4,126,975	2,143,037	4,172,994
Private warrants	74,166	—	74,166	—
Public warrants	12,251,606	—	12,251,606	—
2025 RDO warrants	3,770,000	—	3,770,000	—
2026 Convertible notes	1,664,939	—	1,664,939	—
2029 Convertible notes	35,100,000	—	35,100,000	—
PSUs	525,170	208,157	1,638,892	1,024,579
RSUs	11,897,674	5,919,487	12,044,401	3,628,819
ESPP	420,465	1,365,919	497,884	1,247,297
Total	67,843,060	11,620,538	69,184,925	10,073,689

Note 20—Revenues

Substantially all revenues were generated within the United States of America.

The table below presents total revenues by contract type for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Time and materials	\$ 20,615	\$ 23,377	\$ 43,847	\$ 41,337
Firm fixed price	6,685	11,639	13,787	21,685
Cost-reimbursable	5,172	4,767	9,595	9,882
Total revenues	\$ 32,472	\$ 39,783	\$ 67,229	\$ 72,904

The majority of the Company's revenue is recognized over time. Revenue derived from contracts that recognize revenue at a point in time was insignificant for all periods presented.

The table below summarizes the activity in the allowance for expected credit losses:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Beginning balance	\$ 127	\$ 171	\$ 127	\$ 230
Additions	351	73	351	73
Write-offs	(40)	(117)	(40)	(176)
Recoveries	—	—	—	—
Ending balance	\$ 438	\$ 127	\$ 438	\$ 127

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Concentration of Risk

Revenue earned from customers contributing in excess of 10% of total revenues are presented in the tables below for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025			Six Months Ended June 30, 2025		
	Total	Percent of total revenues		Total	Percent of total revenues	
Customer A ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,562	11 %		\$ 10,160	15 %	
Customer B ⁽¹⁾	4,873	15 %		9,214	14 %	
Customer C	—	— %		—	— %	
Customer D ⁽¹⁾	3,267	10 %		6,831	10 %	
Customer E ⁽¹⁾	3,462	11 %		6,962	10 %	
Customer F ⁽¹⁾	5,270	16 %		9,999	15 %	
All others	12,038	37 %		24,063	36 %	
Total revenues	\$ 32,472	100 %		\$ 67,229	100 %	

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024			Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		
	Total	Percent of total revenues		Total	Percent of total revenues	
Customer A ⁽¹⁾	\$ 5,832	15 %		\$ 12,182	17 %	
Customer B ⁽¹⁾	4,877	12 %		9,471	13 %	
Customer C ⁽¹⁾	5,305	13 %		12,418	17 %	
Customer D	—	— %		—	— %	
Customer E	—	— %		—	— %	
Customer F	—	— %		—	— %	
All others	23,769	60 %		38,833	53 %	
Total revenues	\$ 39,783	100 %		\$ 72,904	100 %	

⁽¹⁾ Customers that contributed in excess of 10% of consolidated revenues in any period presented have been included in all periods presented for comparability.

Contract Balances

The table below presents the contract assets and contract liabilities included on the consolidated balance sheets for the following periods:

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
Contract assets	\$	701	\$	895
Contract liabilities	\$	4,466	\$	2,541

The change in contract assets between December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2025 was primarily driven by invoices being issued for services previously rendered. The change in contract liability balances between December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2025 was primarily driven by upfront payments for services yet to be rendered to customers. Revenue recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2025 that was included in the contract liability balance as of December 31, 2024 was \$1.5 million.

When the Company's estimate of total costs to be incurred to satisfy a performance obligation exceeds the expected revenue, the Company recognizes the loss immediately. When the Company determines that a change in estimate has an impact on the associated profit of a performance obligation, the Company records the cumulative positive or negative adjustment in the consolidated statements of operations. Changes in estimates and assumptions related to the status of certain long-term contracts may have a material effect on the Company's operating results.

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The following table summarizes the impact of the net estimates at completion (“EAC”) adjustments on the Company’s operating results:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net EAC Adjustments, before income taxes	\$ 522	\$ (104)	\$ 932	\$ (344)
Net EAC Adjustments, net of income taxes	\$ 412	\$ (82)	\$ 737	\$ (271)
Net EAC Adjustments, net of income taxes, per diluted share	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

Remaining Performance Obligations

The Company includes in its computation of remaining performance obligations customer orders for which it has accepted signed sales orders and generally includes the funded and unfunded components of contracts that have been awarded. As of June 30, 2025, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations was \$86.1 million. The Company expects to recognize approximately 98% of its remaining performance obligations as revenue within the next 12 months and the balance thereafter assuming completion of these contracts without any reductions in scope or termination.

Note 21—Segments

The Company has determined that it operates in a single operating and reportable segment, as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”) reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for purposes of making operating decisions, allocating resources, and evaluating financial performance. The Company’s CODM is its Chief Executive Officer.

Consolidated net loss is the primary measure of segment profitability used by the CODM to assess performance and to allocate resources to the segment. The Company’s significant segment expenses, which reflects segment-level information that is regularly provided to the CODM, consist of adjusted cost of revenues, adjusted selling and marketing, adjusted general and administrative, and adjusted research and development. Other material segment expenses and other segment items are presented to reconcile significant segment expenses to consolidated net loss.

The tables below present the Company’s operating segment results of operations for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues	\$ 32,472	\$ 39,783	\$ 67,229	\$ 72,904
Less significant segment expenses:				
Adjusted cost of revenues	22,396 ^(a)	25,843 ^(a)	46,605 ^(a)	51,179 ^(a)
Adjusted selling and marketing	2,025 ^(b)	1,247 ^(b)	3,714 ^(b)	2,514 ^(b)
Adjusted general and administrative	12,804 ^(c)	15,386 ^(g)	24,983 ^(c)	21,011 ^(g)
Adjusted research and development	3,861 ^(d)	3,232 ^(d)	7,250 ^(d)	3,406 ^(d)
Restructuring charges	—	457	—	1,317
Transaction expenses	—	347	—	1,450
Goodwill impairment	70,636	—	70,636	85,000
Equity-based compensation expense	4,319	5,157	11,719	10,906
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives	135,751	(8,081)	169,087	15,726
Interest income	(1,704)	(725)	(2,260)	(1,172)
Interest expense	4,419	6,452	9,535	12,837
Depreciation and amortization	3,451	2,907	6,921	5,346
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	2,577	—
Other segment items	3,133 ^(e)	2,000 ^(h)	7,067 ^(e)	5,615 ^(h)
Consolidated net loss	\$ (228,619)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (290,605)	\$ (142,231)

^(a) Adjusted cost of revenues consists of cost of revenues adjusted to remove amortization expense and equity-based compensation expense.

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- (b) Adjusted selling and marketing consists of selling and marketing costs adjusted to remove equity-based compensation expense.
- (c) Adjusted general and administrative consists of general and administrative costs adjusted to remove depreciation and amortization costs, equity-based compensation expense, employer payroll taxes related to equity-based compensation, non-recurring strategic initiatives costs, non-recurring integration costs, and non-recurring litigation expenses.
- (d) Adjusted research and development expenses consists of research and development costs adjusted to remove equity-based compensation expense.
- (e) Other segment items included in consolidated net loss includes employer payroll taxes related to equity-based compensation, non-recurring strategic initiatives costs, non-recurring integration costs, non-recurring litigation costs, restructuring charges, interest income, income tax expense, and other income and expense.
- (f) Adjusted cost of revenues consists of cost of revenues adjusted to remove equity-based compensation expense.
- (g) Adjusted general and administrative consists of general and administrative costs adjusted to remove depreciation and amortization costs, equity-based compensation expense, employer payroll taxes related to equity-based compensation, non-recurring strategic initiatives, and non-recurring litigation expenses.
- (h) Other segment items included in consolidated net loss includes employer payroll taxes related to equity-based compensation, non-recurring strategic initiatives costs, non-recurring litigation costs, interest income, and other income and expense.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following discussion and analysis provides information that BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. ("BigBear.ai", "BigBear.ai Holdings", or the "Company") management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of BigBear.ai's unaudited consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with BigBear.ai's consolidated financial statements and notes to those statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Certain information contained in this management discussion and analysis includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors. Please see "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," and "Risk Factors" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q on Form 10-K. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references in this section to the "Company," "BigBear.ai," "we," "us," or "our" refer to BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc.

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of BigBear.ai is provided to supplement the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes of BigBear.ai included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We intend for this discussion to provide the reader with information to assist in understanding BigBear.ai's consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes, the changes in those financial statements and the accompanying notes from period to period, along with the primary factors that accounted for those changes. All amounts presented below are in thousands of U.S. dollars unless stated otherwise.

The discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of BigBear.ai is organized as follows:

- **Business Overview:** This section provides a general description of BigBear.ai's business, our priorities and the trends affecting our industry in order to provide context for management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations.
- **Recent Developments:** This section provides recent developments that we believe are necessary to understand our financial condition and results of operations.
- **Results of Operations:** This section provides a discussion of our results of operations for three and the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.
- **Liquidity and Capital Resources:** This section provides an analysis of our ability to generate cash and to meet existing or reasonably likely future cash requirements.
- **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates:** This section discusses the accounting policies and estimates that we consider important to our financial condition and results of operations and that require significant judgment and estimates on the part of management in their application. In addition, our significant accounting policies, including critical accounting policies, are summarized in Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Business Overview

Our mission is to help deliver clarity for the world's most complex decisions. BigBear.ai is a leading provider of Edge AI-powered decision intelligence solutions for national security, supply chain management and digital identity. Customers and partners rely on BigBear.ai's predictive analytics capabilities in highly complex, distributed, mission-based operating environments. We are a technology-led solutions organization, providing both software and services to our customers.

Recent Developments

ATM Program

The Company completed the "May 2024 Sales Agreement" and the "June 2025 Sales Agreement" during the six months ended June 30, 2025 for a total gross proceeds of \$300 million and 77 million shares issued

2029 Convertible Notes

On December 19, 2024, the Company entered into privately negotiated exchange agreements (the “*Exchange Transaction*”) with a limited number of holders of the Company’s 2026 Convertible Notes, to exchange the 2026 Convertible Notes for new senior secured convertible notes due 2029 (the “*2029 Convertible Notes*”, together with the 2026 Convertible Notes, the “*Convertible Notes*”). The Company exchanged approximately \$182.3 million principal amount of the 2026 Convertible Notes for \$182.3 million in aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 2029 Convertible Notes. The 2029 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of (i) 6.0% per annum, if interest is paid in cash and (ii) 7.0% per annum, if the Company elects, subject to certain conditions, to pay interest in kind with shares of its common stock, subject to other adjustments if certain liquidity requirements are not met. The conversion rate is 281.4491 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2029 Convertible Notes, which represents an initial conversion price of \$3.55 per share of the Company’s common stock.

\$57.7 million of the 2029 Convertible Notes have been voluntarily converted by noteholders following the Exchange Transaction. These conversions have resulted in the issuance of approximately 16.7 million shares of common stock in exchange for the retirement of the respective notes.

Pangiam Acquisition

On February 29, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of Pangiam Intermediate Holdings, LLC (“*Pangiam*” or the “*Pangiam Acquisition*”), a leader in vision AI for the global trade, travel and digital identity industries. The combination of BigBear.ai and Pangiam creates one of the industry’s most comprehensive vision and edge AI portfolios, combining facial recognition, image-based anomaly detection and advanced biometrics with BigBear.ai’s computer vision and predictive analytics capabilities, positioning the Company as a foundational leader in how artificial intelligence is operationalized at the edge.

RDO Warrant Exercise

On February 27, 2024, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement with an existing accredited investor (the “*RDO Investor*”) to exercise in full the outstanding Registered Direct Offering to purchase up to an aggregate of 8,886,255 shares of the Company’s common stock for gross proceeds of approximately \$20.6 million (the “*RDO warrants*”). In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the RDO warrants, the RDO Investor received a new unregistered common stock purchase warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 5,800,000 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “*2024 RDO warrant*”) in a private placement. The 2024 RDO warrants became exercisable six months after issuance and had a five-year term, with an exercise price per share equal to \$3.78. These warrants were fully exercised during the first quarter of 2025.

On February 5, 2025, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement with an existing accredited investor to exercise in full an outstanding Common Stock Purchase Warrant, the 2024 RDO warrant, to purchase up to an aggregate of 5,800,000 shares of the Company’s common stock. In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the existing warrant for cash, the investor received a new unregistered Common Stock Purchase Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 3,770,000 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “*2025 RDO Warrant*”) in a private placement.

The 2025 RDO Warrant will become exercisable commencing any time on or after August 6, 2025 (the “*Exercise Date*”) with an expiration date five years after the Exercise Date with an exercise price per share equal to \$9.00. The gross proceeds to the Company from the exercise were \$21.9 million, prior to deducting estimated offering expenses.

Private Placement Warrant Exercise

On March 4, 2024, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement with an existing accredited investor (the “*PIPE Investor*”) to exercise in full the outstanding PIPE warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 13,888,889 shares of the Company’s common stock for gross proceeds of approximately \$33.2 million. In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the PIPE warrants, the PIPE Investor received a new unregistered common stock purchase warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 9,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “*2024 PIPE warrant*”) in a private placement. The 2024 PIPE warrant became exercisable six months after issuance and had a five-year term, with an exercise price per share equal to \$4.75. These warrants were fully exercised during the first quarter of 2025.

Global Economic and Geopolitical Environment

The majority of our revenue is derived from federal government contracts. Funding for U.S. Government programs is subject to a variety of factors that can affect our business, including the administration’s budget requests and procurement priorities and

policies, annual congressional budget authorization and appropriation processes, and other U.S. Government domestic and international priorities. U.S. Government spending levels, particularly defense spending, and timely funding thereof can affect our financial performance over the short and long term.

We anticipate the federal budget, debt ceiling, regulatory environment, and potential tax reform will continue to be subject to debate and compromise shaped by, among other things, the current Administration and Congress, heightened political tensions, the global security environment, inflationary pressures, and macroeconomic conditions. The result may be shifting funding priorities, which could have material impacts on defense spending broadly and our programs. Additionally, the administration continues to take steps to evaluate government-wide and defense-specific staffing and procurement, which includes assessing mission priorities, procurement methods, program performance, and other factors and then potentially taking action based on those assessments. Those actions remain uncertain and could result in impacts to both our current and future business prospects and financial performance.

Additionally, the President of the United States has issued multiple Executive Orders, including two that are intended to (i) simplify and accelerate the procurement process through a review and restructuring of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), and its supplements and (ii) modernize defense acquisitions by promoting commercial solutions, innovative acquisition authorities, and other existing streamlined processes. Among the actions directed by the President is a review of major defense acquisition programs that are behind schedule or over budget, including identifying any programs for potential cancellation.

While the impact of these reforms on our business is uncertain, they could potentially lead to changes in the way we interact with the U.S. Government. We will continue to monitor and assess their effects on our business and financial results. Should the U.S. Government review one or more major defense programs in which we provide solutions or services, and this review leads to a full or partial cancellation of one of these programs, this could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We continue to expect the global economic and geopolitical environment to drive adoption of our offerings over the long term, as it has heightened the need for advanced AI tools that provide enhanced intelligence and full spectrum cyber operations – areas where we believe we have unmatched capabilities. While these challenges are still evolving and the eventual outcome remains highly uncertain, we do not believe that these events will have a material impact on our business and results of operations. However, if these challenges worsen, leading to greater disruptions and uncertainty within the technology industry or global economy, our business and results of operations could be negatively impacted.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenues

We generate revenue by providing our customers with Edge AI-powered decision intelligence solutions and services for data ingestion, data enrichment, data processing, artificial intelligence, machine learning, predictive analytics and predictive visualization. We have a diverse base of customers, including government defense, government intelligence, as well as various commercial enterprises. We generate revenue from providing both software and services to our customers.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues primarily includes salaries, stock-based compensation expense, and benefits for personnel involved in performing the services described above, as well as allocated overhead and other direct costs.

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”)

SG&A expenses include salaries, equity-based compensation expense, and benefits for personnel involved in our executive, finance, accounting, legal, human resources, and administrative functions, as well as third-party professional services and fees, and allocated overhead.

Research and development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of salaries, equity-based compensation expense, and benefits for personnel involved in research and development activities as well as allocated overhead. Certain research and development expenses relate to software developed for sale, lease, or will otherwise be marketed. Costs incurred subsequent to the establishment of technological feasibility and prior to the general availability of the software, are capitalized when they are expected to become

significant. All other research and development expenses are expensed in the period incurred.

Restructuring charges

Restructuring charges consist of employee separation costs related to strategic cost saving initiatives to better align our organization and cost structure and improve the affordability of our products and services as well as employee separation costs associated with strategic changes in certain key leadership roles.

Transaction expenses

Transaction expenses incurred in 2024 consist of diligence, legal and other related expenses associated with the Pangiam Acquisition, which was completed on February 29, 2024.

Goodwill impairment

Goodwill impairment consists of non-cash impairments of goodwill.

Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives

Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives consists of fair value remeasurements of the 2029 Convertible Notes Conversion Option, 2026 Convertible Notes Conversion Option, PIPE warrants, RDO warrants, and IPO private warrants.

Interest expense

Interest expense consists primarily of interest expense, commitment fees, debt issuance discount amortization, and debt issuance cost amortization under our debt agreements.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense consists of income taxes related to federal and state jurisdictions in which we conduct business.

Results of Operations

The table below presents our consolidated statements of operations for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues	\$ 32,472	\$ 39,783	\$ 67,229	\$ 72,904
Cost of revenues	24,359	28,720	51,728	54,855
Gross margin	8,113	11,063	15,501	18,049
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative	21,487	23,364	44,219	40,312
Research and development	4,393	3,565	8,559	4,709
Restructuring charges	1,899	457	3,597	1,317
Transaction expenses	—	347	—	1,450
Goodwill impairment	70,636	—	70,636	85,000
Operating loss	(90,302)	(16,670)	(111,510)	(114,739)
Interest expense	4,419	6,452	9,535	12,837
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives	135,751	(8,081)	169,087	15,726
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	2,577	—
Other income, net	(1,867)	(617)	(2,143)	(1,072)
Loss before taxes	(228,605)	(14,424)	(290,566)	(142,230)
Income tax expense	14	15	39	1
Net loss	\$ (228,619)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (290,605)	\$ (142,231)

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Revenues

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Revenues	\$ 32,472	\$ 39,783	\$ (7,311)	(18.4)%

Revenues decreased by \$7.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lower volume on certain Army programs.

Cost of Revenues

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Cost of revenues	\$ 24,359	\$ 28,720	\$ (4,361)	(15.2)%

<i>Cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues</i>	75 %	72 %
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Cost of revenues as a percentage of total revenues increased to 75% for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to 72% for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase in cost of revenue as a percentage of total revenue was partially driven by a higher mix of higher margin solutions work in the three months ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2025. The decrease in total dollars of cost of revenues is due to lower volume on certain Army programs for the three months ended June 30, 2025.

SG&A

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Change	
	2025	2024		Amount	%
SG&A	\$ 21,487	\$ 23,364	\$	(1,877)	(8.0)%
SG&A as a percentage of revenues	66 %	59 %			

SG&A expenses as a percentage of total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2025 increased to 66% as compared to 59% for the three months ended June 30, 2024, which was primarily driven by a lower revenue base. The decrease in total dollars is due to a decrease in non-recurring strategic initiatives of \$1.3 million, non-recurring integration costs of \$0.9 million, and non-recurring litigation costs of \$0.7 million incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2024, that did not recur during the three months ended June 30, 2025.

Research and Development

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Research and development	\$ 4,393	\$ 3,565	\$ 828	23.2 %

Research and development expenses increased by \$0.8 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was driven by increased headcount and the timing of certain research and development projects.

Restructuring Charges

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Restructuring charges	\$ 1,899	\$ 457	\$ 1,442	315.5 %

Restructuring charges consist of employee separation costs related to strategic cost saving initiatives to better align our organization and cost structure and improve the affordability of our products and services.

Transaction Expenses

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Transaction expenses	\$ —	\$ 347	\$ (347)	(100.0)%

Transaction expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2024 consist of diligence, legal and other related expenses associated with the Pangiam Acquisition.

Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives	\$ 135,751	\$ (8,081)	\$ 143,832	(1779.9)%

The net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives of \$135.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 consists of fair value remeasurements of IPO private warrants, 2029 notes conversion options, 2026 notes conversion options, and 2025 RDO warrants. The 2024 PIPE warrants and the 2024 RDO warrant were fully settled as of June 30, 2025.

Interest Expense

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Interest expense	\$ 4,419	\$ 6,452	\$ (2,033)	(31.5)%

Interest expense consists primarily of interest expense, commitment fees and debt issuance cost amortization under our Convertible Notes and Bank of America Senior Revolver. The decrease in the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 is due to a lower average outstanding balance. See the *Liquidity and Capital Resources* section below for more information.

Other income, net

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	%
Other income, net	\$ (1,867)	\$ (617)	\$ (1,250)	202.6 %

The change in other income during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 is primarily driven by interest income earned on money market accounts.

Income tax expense

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%
Income tax expense	\$ 14	\$ 15	\$ (1)	(6.7)%
Effective tax rate	— %	(0.1)%		

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and the three months ended June 30, 2024 are consistent. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 differs from the U.S. federal income tax rate of 21.0% primarily due to state and local income taxes, permanent differences between book and taxable income, certain discrete items, and the change in valuation allowance.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company has determined that it is not more-likely-than-not that substantially all of its deferred tax assets will be realized in the future, and continues to have a full valuation allowance established against its deferred tax assets.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Revenues

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Revenues	\$ 67,229	\$ 72,904	\$ (5,675)	(7.8)%

Revenues decreased by \$5.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lower volume on certain Army programs.

Cost of Revenues

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Cost of revenues	\$ 51,728	\$ 54,855	\$ (3,127)	(5.7)%
Cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues	77 %	75 %		

Cost of revenues as a percentage of total revenues was 77% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The increase in cost of revenue as a percentage of total revenue and in total dollars was partially driven by a higher mix of higher margin solutions work in the six months ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2025.

SG&A

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
SG&A	\$ 44,219	\$ 40,312	\$ 3,907	9.7 %
SG&A as a percentage of revenues	66 %	55 %		

SG&A expenses as a percentage of total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2025 increased to 66% as compared to 55% for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The year-over-year increases include Pangiam's headcount and operating expenses not fully included in the first quarter of 2024 (the Pangiam acquisition was completed on February 29, 2024) as well as the carrying cost of excess resource capacity due to delays in government funding on certain programs during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Research and Development

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Research and development	\$ 8,559	\$ 4,709	\$ 3,850	81.8 %

Research and development expenses increased by \$3.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase in research and development expenses was driven by increased headcount, the timing of certain research and development projects, as well as the inclusion of Pangiam's results.

Restructuring Charges

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Restructuring charges	\$ 3,597	\$ 1,317	\$ 2,280	173.1 %

Restructuring charges increased by \$2.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. Restructuring charges consist of employee separation costs related to strategic cost saving initiatives to better align our organization and cost structure and improve the affordability of our products and services as well as employee separation costs associated with strategic changes in certain key leadership roles.

Transaction Expenses

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Transaction expenses	\$ —	\$ 1,450	\$ (1,450)	(100.0)%

Transaction expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2024 consist of diligence, legal and other related expenses associated with the Pangiam Acquisition.

Goodwill Impairment

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Goodwill impairment	\$ 70,636	\$ 85,000	\$ (14,364)	(16.9)%

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$70.6 million, primarily driven by a change in forecast during the second quarter of 2025.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company recognized a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$85.0 million primarily driven by a decrease in share price during the first quarter of 2024 compared to the share price of the equity issued as consideration for the acquisition of Pangiam.

Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives	\$ 169,087	\$ 15,726	\$ 153,361	975.2 %

The net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives of \$169.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 includes fair value remeasurements of the 2029 Notes Conversion Option, IPO private warrants, 2026 Notes Conversion Option, and the 2025 RDO warrants. The 2024 PIPE warrants and the 2024 RDO warrant were exercised and fully settled during the six months ended June 30, 2025. In connection with the exercise of the 2024 RDO warrants, the Company issued 3.77 million RDO warrants. The 2023 PIPE warrants and the 2023 RDO warrant were exercised and fully settled during the six months ended June 30, 2024. The net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives for the six months ended June 30, 2024 includes the fair value remeasurements of the IPO private warrants, the 2024 PIPE and 2024 RDO warrants.

Interest Expense

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Interest expense	\$ 9,535	\$ 12,837	\$ (3,302)	(25.7)%

Interest expense during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 consists primarily of interest expense, debt issuance discount amortization, and debt issuance cost amortization under our Convertible Notes. See the *Liquidity and Capital Resources* section below for more information. The change in interest expense during the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 is primarily due to a lower average principal balance on the 2029 Convertible Notes due to conversion activity during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Other income, net

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Other income, net	\$ (2,143)	\$ (1,072)	\$ (1,071)	99.9 %

The change in other income during the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 is primarily driven by interest income earned on money market accounts, partially offset by losses on foreign currency transactions. The increase in interest income is primarily related to a higher average cash balance during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Income tax expense

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year-Over-Year Change	
	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024	
Income tax expense	\$ 39	\$ 1	\$ 38	3800.0 %
Effective tax rate	(0.1) %	— %		

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and the six months ended June 30, 2024 are consistent. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2025 differs from the U.S. federal income tax rate of 21.0% primarily due to state and local income taxes, permanent differences between book and taxable income, certain discrete items and the change in valuation allowance. The expense for the six months ended June 30, 2025 primarily relates to income derived from our United Kingdom entity.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company has determined that it is not more-likely-than-not that substantially all of its deferred tax assets will be realized in the future and continues to have a full valuation allowance established against its deferred tax assets.

Refer to Note 13—Income Taxes of the Notes to consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for more information.

Supplemental Non-GAAP Information

The Company uses Adjusted EBITDA to evaluate its operating performance, generate future operating plans, and make strategic decisions, including those relating to operating expenses and the allocation of internal resources. Adjusted EBITDA is a financial measure not calculated in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net loss adjusted for interest expense, interest income, income tax expense (benefit), depreciation and amortization, equity-based compensation and associated employer payroll taxes, net increase in fair value of derivatives, restructuring charges, non-recurring strategic initiatives, non-recurring litigation, transaction expenses, non-recurring integration costs, goodwill impairment, and loss on extinguishment of debt. Non-GAAP financial performance measures are used to supplement the financial information presented on a GAAP basis. This non-GAAP financial measure should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the relevant GAAP measures and should be read in conjunction with information presented on a GAAP basis. Because not all companies use identical calculations, our presentation of non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA - Non-GAAP

The following table presents a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss, computed in accordance with GAAP:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net loss	\$ (228,619)	\$ (14,439)	\$ (290,605)	\$ (142,231)
Interest expense	4,419	6,452	9,535	12,837
Interest income	(1,704)	(725)	(2,260)	(1,172)
Income tax expense	14	15	39	1
Depreciation and amortization	3,451	2,907	6,921	5,346
EBITDA	(222,439)	(5,790)	(276,370)	(125,219)
Adjustments:				
Equity-based compensation	4,319	5,749	11,719	10,906
Employer payroll taxes related to equity-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	611	48	1,626	712
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivatives ⁽²⁾	135,751	(8,081)	169,087	15,726
Restructuring charges ⁽³⁾	1,899	457	3,597	1,317
Non-recurring strategic initiatives ⁽⁴⁾	717	2,040	1,611	3,374
Non-recurring litigation ⁽⁵⁾	8	666	30	545
Transaction expenses ⁽⁶⁾	—	347	—	1,450
Non-recurring integration costs ⁽⁷⁾	—	883	—	883
Goodwill impairment ⁽⁸⁾	70,636	—	70,636	85,000
Loss on extinguishment of debt ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	2,577	—
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (8,498)	\$ (3,681)	\$ (15,487)	\$ (5,306)

(1) Includes employer payroll taxes due upon the vesting of equity awards granted to employees.

- (2) The change in fair value of derivatives during the three months ended June 30, 2025 relates to the remeasurement of the 2025 warrants, IPO warrants and the 2026 and 2029 Notes Conversion Options derivative liabilities. The change during the six months ended June 30, 2025, relates to the \$14.0 million loss recorded upon the exercise of the 2024 RDO and 2024 PIPE Warrants (the “2024 Warrants”) and issuance of the warrants in 2025 (the “2025 Warrants”) in connection with the warrant exercise agreements entered into on February 5, 2025. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, there was loss related to a mark-to-market adjustment of \$59.9M adjustment for the debt to equity conversions during the period. There was an offsetting gain related to the fair market value adjustment on the 2025 warrants and the private warrants of \$2.6 million. Additionally, there was an loss of \$7.0 million fair market value adjustment of the 2026 and 2029 Notes Conversion Option, during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

The decrease in fair value of derivatives during the three months ended June 30, 2024 relates to remeasurement of the 2024 Warrants and IPO Warrant’s fair value. The increase in fair value of derivatives during the six months ended June 30, 2024, relates to the \$42.3 million loss recorded upon the exercise of the 2023 RDO and 2023 PIPE Warrants (the “2023 Warrants”) in connection with the warrant exercise agreements entered into on February 27, 2024 and March 4, 2024. This loss was offset by gains of \$10.6 million, net of cash proceeds received, related to the issuance of warrants in 2024 (the “2024 Warrants”). In addition, an \$18.3 million reduction in fair value was recorded on the 2024 Warrants issued in connection with the warrant exercise agreements as the fair value decreased from the issue date to quarter end.

- (3) During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, the Company incurred employee separation costs associated with a strategic review of the Company’s capacity and future projections to better align the organization and cost structure and improve the affordability of its products and services.
- (4) Non-recurring professional fees related to the execution of certain strategic initiatives of the Company.
- (5) Non-recurring litigation consists primarily of legal settlements and related fees for specific proceedings that we have determined arise outside of the ordinary course of business based on the following considerations which we assess regularly: (1) the frequency of similar cases that have been brought to date, or are expected to be brought within two years; (2) the complexity of the case; (3) the nature of the remedy(ies) sought, including the size of any monetary damages sought; (4) offensive versus defensive posture of us; (5) the counterparty involved; and (6) our overall litigation strategy.
- (6) Transaction expenses during the quarter ended March 31, 2024 consist primarily of diligence, legal and other related expenses incurred associated with the Pangiam acquisition.
- (7) Non-recurring internal integration costs related to the Pangiam acquisition.
- (8) During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company recognized a non-cash goodwill impairment charge primarily driven by a decrease in share price during the quarter compared to the share price of the equity issued as consideration for the purchase of Pangiam. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the company recognized a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$70.6 million, primarily driven by a change in forecast during the second quarter of 2025.
- (9) Loss on extinguishment of debt is related to voluntary conversions of the 2029 Notes to common stock and the related extinguishment of unamortized debt discount and debt costs.

Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow is defined as net cash used in operating activities less capital expenditures. Management believes free cash flow is useful to investors, analysts and others because it provides a meaningful measure of the Company’s ability to generate cash and meet its debt obligations.

The table below presents a reconciliation of free cash flow to net cash used inoperating activities, computed in accordance with GAAP:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (10,532)	\$ (21,417)
Capital expenditures, net	(2,784)	10,543
Free cash flow	\$ (13,316)	\$ (10,874)

Key Performance Indicators

Backlog

We view growth in backlog as a key measure of our business growth. Backlog represents the estimated dollar value of contracts that we have been awarded for which work has not yet been performed, and in certain cases, our estimate of known opportunities for future contract awards on customer programs that we are currently supporting.

The majority of our historical revenues are derived from contracts with the Federal Government and its various agencies. In accordance with the general procurement practices of the Federal Government, most contracts are not fully funded at the time of

contract award. As work under the contract progresses, our customers may add incremental funding up to the initial contract award amount. We generally do not deliver goods and services to our customers in excess of the appropriated contract funding.

Our contracts with some customers, including the federal government, generally include termination for convenience provisions pursuant to which the customer can unilaterally elect to terminate the contract. In the event of termination, we may generally recover only our incurred or committed costs and settlement expenses and profit on work completed prior to the termination. As a result, contracts comprising our backlog may not result in actual revenue in any particular period or at all, and the actual revenue may differ from backlog estimates, particularly if customers, including the federal government, exercise their rights to terminate contracts with us pursuant to the termination for convenience provisions.

At the time of award, certain contracts may include options for our customers to procure additional goods and services under the contract. Options do not create enforceable rights and obligations until exercised by our customers and thus we only recognize revenues related to options as each option is exercised. Contracts with such provisions may or may not specify the exact scope, nor corresponding price, associated with options; however, these contracts will generally identify the expected period of performance for each option. In cases where we have negotiated the estimated scope and price of an option in the contract with our customer, we use that information to measure our backlog and we refer to this as Priced Unexercised Options. If a contract does not specify the scope, level-of-effort, or price related to options to procure additional goods and services, we estimate the backlog associated with those options based on our discussions with our customer, our current level of support on the customer's program, and the period of performance for each option that was negotiated in the contract. We refer to this as Unpriced Unexercised Options.

We define backlog in these categories to provide the reader with additional context as to the nature of our backlog and so that the reader can understand the varying degrees of risk, uncertainty, and where applicable, management's estimates and judgements used in determining backlog at the end of a period. The categories of backlog are further defined below.

- *Funded Backlog.* Funded backlog represents the remaining contract value of goods and services to be delivered under existing contracts for which funding is appropriated or otherwise authorized less revenues previously recognized on these contracts.
- *Unfunded backlog.* Unfunded backlog represents the remaining contract value, or portion thereof, of goods and services to be delivered under existing contracts for which funding has not been appropriated or otherwise authorized.
- *Priced Unexercised Options.* Priced unexercised contract options represent the remaining contract value of goods and services to be delivered under existing contracts if our customer elects to exercise all of the options available in the contract. For priced unexercised options, we measure backlog based on the corresponding contract values assigned to the options as negotiated in our contract with our customer.
- *Unpriced Unexercised Options.* Unpriced unexercised contract options represent the remaining contract value of goods and services to be delivered under existing contracts if our customer elects to exercise all of the options available in the contract. For unpriced unexercised options, we estimate backlog generally under the assumption that our current level of support on the contract will persist for each option period.

The following table summarizes certain backlog information (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Funded	\$ 16,229	\$ 46,552
Unfunded	69,883	72,474
Priced, unexercised options	278,816	283,258
Unpriced, unexercised options	15,504	16,021
Total backlog	\$ 380,432	\$ 418,305

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources of Liquidity

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows provided by our operations and access to our existing ATM Program, as available. We have also generated liquidity through private placements of our common stock and warrants. Our primary short-term cash

requirements are to fund payroll obligations, working capital, operating lease obligations, interest payments and short-term debt, including current maturities of long-term debt. Working capital requirements can vary significantly from period to period, particularly as a result of the timing of receipts and disbursements related to long-term contracts. Based on our projected cash flow and liquidity needs, we believe that our cash from operating activities generated from continuing operations during the year will be adequate for the next 12 months to meet our anticipated uses of cash flow.

Our medium-term to long-term cash requirements are to service and repay debt and to invest in facilities, equipment, technologies, and research and development for growth initiatives.

Our ability to fund our medium-term to long-term cash needs will depend, in part, on our ability to generate cash in the future, which depends on our future financial results. Our future results are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors that may be outside of our control. Our future access to, and the availability of credit on acceptable terms and conditions, is impacted by many factors, including capital market liquidity and overall economic conditions.

ATM Program

In April 2023, the Company filed an automatic shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the “2023 Shelf Registration Statement”) with the SEC registering an indeterminate amount of its common stock, preferred stock, warrants, rights, and units (collectively, “Company securities”), which the SEC declared effective on April 21, 2023. In May 2024, the Company filed a prospectus supplement to the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement which allows the Company to sell, from time to time and at its discretion, Company securities having an aggregate offering price of up to \$150 million including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to the Company’s controlled equity offering agreement, dated as of May 10, 2024 (the “Controlled Equity Offering Agreement”), with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co.. (“Cantor”), as sales agent, under an “at the market” offering program (the “May 2024 Sales Agreement”).

Pursuant to the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement, the Company may offer and sell common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$150 million from time to time to or through Cantor, subject to the Company’s compliance with applicable laws and the applicable requirements of the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement. The Controlled Equity Offering Agreement stipulates that the Company will pay Cantor a commission equal to up to 3.0% of the gross offering proceeds of any shares of common stock sold to or through Cantor pursuant to the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement. The Company intends to use the net proceeds from sales of common stock issued under the ATM Program for general corporate and working capital purposes. The timing of any sales and the number of shares sold will depend on a variety of factors to be determined and considered by the Company. The Company is not obligated to sell any shares under the Controlled Equity Offering Agreement.

In June 2025, the Company filed a prospectus supplement to the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement which allows the Company to sell, from time to time and at its discretion, Company securities having an aggregate offering price of up to \$150 million including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to the Company’s Controlled Equity Offering Agreement (the “June 2025 Sales Agreement”).

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company sold 39,555,415 shares of common stock under the May 2024 Sales Agreement for an aggregate offering price of \$150 million. Total issuance costs related to the ATM Program as of June 30, 2025 were approximately \$2.6 million, resulting in aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$147.4 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company sold 37,697,898 shares of common stock under the June 2025 Sales Agreement for an aggregate offering price of \$150 million. Total issuance costs related to the ATM Program as of June 30, 2025 were approximately \$2.6 million, resulting in aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$147.4 million.

As of June 30, 2025, there is no remaining capacity under the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement.

While we intend to reduce debt over time using cash provided by operations, we may also attempt to meet long-term debt obligations, if necessary, by obtaining capital from a variety of additional sources or by refinancing existing obligations. These sources include public or private capital markets, bank financings, proceeds from dispositions or other third-party sources.

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Our available liquidity as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, consisted primarily of available cash and cash equivalents. The following table details our available liquidity:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Available cash and cash equivalents	\$ 390,845	\$ 50,141
Total available liquidity	\$ 390,845	\$ 50,141

The following table summarizes borrowings under our debt obligations as of the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
2026 Convertible Notes	\$ 17,668	\$ 17,668
2029 Convertible Notes	124,605	182,332
D&O Financing Loan	367	818
Total debt	142,640	200,818
Less: unamortized debt issuance discount and costs	39,590	64,596
Total debt, net	103,050	136,222
Less: current portion	367	818
Long-term debt, net	\$ 102,683	\$ 135,404

Convertible Notes

On December 7, 2021, the Company issued \$200.0 million of unsecured convertible notes (the “2026 Convertible Notes”) to certain investors. The 2026 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.0% per annum, payable semi-annually, and not including any interest payments that are settled with the issuance of shares, were convertible into 17,391,304 shares of the Company’s common stock at an initial Conversion Price of \$11.50. The Conversion Price is subject to adjustments, including but not limited to, the Conversion Rate Reset described below and in Note 11—Debt of the Notes to consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The 2026 Convertible Notes mature on December 15, 2026.

On May 29, 2022, pursuant to the conversion rate adjustment provisions in the 2026 Convertible Notes indenture, the Conversion Price was adjusted to \$10.61 (or 94.2230 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2026 Convertible Notes) because the average of the daily volume-weighted average price of the common stock during the preceding 30 trading days was less than \$10.00 (the “Conversion Rate Reset”). Subsequent to the Conversion Rate Reset, the 2026 Convertible Notes are convertible into 18,844,600 shares, not including any interest payments that are settled with the issuance of shares.

On December 19, 2024, the Company entered into privately negotiated exchange agreements (each, an “Exchange Agreement”) with a limited number of holders of the Company’s existing 2026 Convertible Notes, to exchange the existing convertible notes for new senior secured convertible notes due 2029 (the “2029 Convertible Notes”, together with the 2026 Convertible Notes, the “Convertible Notes”). The Company exchanged (the “Exchange Transaction”) approximately \$182.3 million principal amount of the 2026 Convertible Notes for \$182.3 million in aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 2029 Convertible Notes and approximately \$0.4 million in cash, with such cash payment representing the accrued and unpaid interest on such then existing Convertible Notes. The 2029 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of (i) 6.0% per annum, if interest is paid in cash and (ii) 7.0% per annum, if we elect, subject to certain conditions, to pay interest in kind with shares of our common stock. To the extent that the certain liquidity conditions of us and our subsidiaries is not satisfied as of the last business day of any calendar month, then with respect to the period applicable to the interest payment date immediately following the month in which such liquidity condition is not satisfied, the interest rate will be (i) 9.00% per annum, if interest is paid in cash and (ii) 10.00% per annum, if we elect, subject to certain conditions, to pay interest in kind with shares of our common stock (it being understood that such increased rate shall apply solely for such six-month period applicable to such interest payment date). The initial conversion rate is 281.4491 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2029 Convertible Notes, which represents an initial conversion price of \$3.55 per share of the Company’s common stock. The conversion rate and the conversion price are subject to adjustments. The exchange was accounted for as an extinguishment of the 2026 Convertible Notes and the 2029 Convertible Notes were recognized at fair value, which approximated the carrying amount of the principal balances exchanged.

The 2029 Convertible Notes were issued pursuant to, and are governed by, an indenture, dated as of December 27, 2024. The 2029 Convertible Notes will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed, on a senior, secured basis, by the Company and certain of its existing and future direct and indirect subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions (the “Guarantors”), and will initially be secured on a first-priority basis by substantially all assets of the Company and such Guarantors, subject to certain exceptions.

Upon completion of the Exchange Transaction, the aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Convertible Notes outstanding was \$17.7 million. The Company did not receive any cash proceeds from the issuance of the 2029 Convertible Notes pursuant to the Exchange Transactions.

The 2026 Convertible Notes and the 2029 Convertible Notes require the Company to meet certain financial and other covenants. The 2029 Convertible Notes added a covenant that requires the Company to maintain liquidity of at least \$15 million measured as of the last business day of any month. As of June 30, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants related to the Convertible Notes.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values associated with the Convertible Notes as of June 30, 2025. The fair value of the Convertible Notes is considered to be a Level 3 fair value measurement.

	Outstanding balance	Unamortized issuance costs	Net principal balance	Fair value
2026 Convertible Notes	\$ 17,668	\$ (1,792)	\$ 15,876	\$ 18,091
2029 Convertible Notes	124,605	(37,798)	86,807	261,066
Total	\$ 142,273	\$ (39,590)	\$ 102,683	\$ 279,157

D&O Financing Loan

On December 13, 2024, the Company entered into a \$1.1 million loan (the “2025 D&O Financing Loan”) with AFCO Credit Corporation to finance the Company’s directors and officers insurance premium through September 2025. The D&O Financing Loan has an interest rate of 5.99% per annum and a maturity date of September 8, 2025.

On December 20, 2023, the Company entered into a \$1.2 million loan (the “2024 D&O Financing Loan”) with US Premium Finance to finance the Company’s directors and officers insurance premium through September 2024. The D&O Financing Loan had an interest rate of 6.99% per annum and a maturity date of September 8, 2024. The 2024 D&O Financing Loan was fully repaid at maturity.

RDO Warrant Exercise

On February 27, 2024, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement with an existing accredited investor to exercise in full the outstanding RDO warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 8,886,255 shares of the Company’s common stock for total gross proceeds of approximately \$20.6 million, prior to deducting estimated offering expenses.

PIPE Warrant Exercise

On March 4, 2024, the Company entered into a warrant exercise agreement with an existing accredited investor to exercise in full the outstanding PIPE warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 13,888,889 shares of the Company’s common stock for total gross proceeds of approximately \$33.2 million, prior to deducting estimated offering expenses.

Cash Flows

The table below summarizes certain information from our consolidated statements of cash flows for the following periods:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Net cash used in operating activities	(10,532)	(21,417)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(2,784)	10,543
Net cash provided by financing activities	354,765	50,583
Effect of foreign currency rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(745)	—
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	340,704	39,709
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	50,141	32,557
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 390,845	\$ 72,266

Operating activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, net cash used in operating activities was \$10.5 million. Net loss before deducting depreciation, amortization and other non-cash items was \$23.9 million and was further impacted by a favorable change in net working capital of \$13.4 million which partially offset operating cash outflows during this period. The favorable change in net working capital was largely driven by a decrease in accounts receivable of \$10.3 million, an increase in accrued expenses of \$4.8 million, an increase in other liabilities of \$1.8 million, an increase in contract liabilities of \$1.9 million, and a decrease in contract assets of \$0.2 million. These were partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable of \$5.0 million and an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets of \$0.6 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, net cash used in operating activities was \$21.4 million. Net loss before deducting depreciation, amortization and other non-cash items was \$18.0 million and was further impacted by an unfavorable change in net working capital of \$3.4 million which reduced operating cash flows during this period. The unfavorable change in net working capital was largely driven by an increase in accounts receivable of \$6.2 million and a decrease in accounts payable of \$5.0 million. These were partially offset by an increase in accrued liabilities of \$1.7 million, a decrease in contract assets of \$3.8 million, an increase in contract liabilities of \$1.5 million, a decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets of \$1.2 million, and an increase in other liabilities of \$0.3 million.

Investing activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, net cash used in investing activities was \$2.8 million, primarily consisting of capitalized software development costs of \$2.7 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, net cash provided by investing activities was \$10.5 million, primarily consisting of cash acquired from the Pangiam acquisition of \$13.9 million, partially offset by capitalized software development costs of \$3.2 million.

Financing activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, net cash provided by financing activities was \$354.8 million, primarily consisting of the net proceeds from the exercise of the 2024 PIPE warrants and 2024 RDO warrants of \$64.7 million and proceeds of \$294.8 million from the issuance of common stock under our ATM Program. These cash inflows were partially offset by payment of debt issuance costs to third parties in connection with the Exchange Transaction of \$4.7 million, payment of transaction costs in connection with the ATM of \$5.3 million, and payment of taxes related to net share settlement of equity awards of \$1.7 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, net cash provided by financing activities was \$50.6 million, primarily consisting of the net proceeds from the issuance of the Private Placement and Registered Direct Offering shares of \$53.8 million, partially offset by the payment of taxes related to net share settlement of equity awards of \$3.1 million and the net repayment of \$0.8 million related to the 2023 D&O Financing Loan.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

For the critical accounting estimates used in preparing our consolidated financial statements, we make assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on revenue and expenses in our consolidated statements of operations, as well as, on the value of certain assets and liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets. We base our assumptions, judgments and estimates on historical experience and various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Our critical accounting estimates are disclosed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the SEC on March 25, 2025.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of the consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is a smaller reporting company and is not required to provide the information required under this Item 3.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that as of June 30, 2025, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to the existence of a previously reported material weakness in internal control over financial reporting. The material weaknesses were identified and discussed in “Part II - Item 9A - Controls and Procedures” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Management’s Reporting on Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and Board of Directors regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes.

Our management conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024. This assessment was based on the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013 framework). Based on this assessment, management concluded that material weaknesses exist in our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements could occur but will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K did not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm due to a transition period established by rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission for newly public companies.

In addition, because we are an “emerging growth company” under the JOBS Act, our independent registered public accounting firm will not be required to attest to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting for so long as we are an emerging growth company.

Remediation Efforts to Address Material Weaknesses

Management has and will continue to enhance the execution and review of technical accounting policies related to transactions that are subject to significant judgement, differences in interpretation, or otherwise are non-routine, unusual, or complex.

The material weaknesses will not be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. We expect that the remediation of these material weaknesses will be completed during 2025.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Other than the steps taken to work towards the remediation of the material weakness identified above, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a - 15(d) and 15d - 15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2025 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations of Effectiveness of Controls

The effectiveness of any system of internal control over financial reporting, including ours, is subject to inherent limitations, including the exercise of judgment in designing, implementing, operating, and evaluating the controls and procedures, and the inability to eliminate misconduct completely. Accordingly, in designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any system of internal control over financial reporting, including ours, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the

design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs. Moreover, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. We intend to continue to monitor and upgrade our internal controls as necessary or appropriate for our business but cannot assure you that such improvements will be sufficient to provide us with effective internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to litigation, claims, investigations and audits arising from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Although legal proceedings are inherently unpredictable, we intend to vigorously defend against any matters currently pending against us. The outcome of these matters, individually and in the aggregate, is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

For a discussion of the material factors that make an investment in the Company risky, please see the risk factors disclosed in “Item 1A, Risk Factors” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. These risks and uncertainties have the potential to materially affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, projected results and future prospects. These risks are not exclusive and additional risks to which we are subject include the factors mentioned under “Forward-Looking Statements” and the risks described in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

There were no sales of unregistered equity securities during the three months ended June 30, 2025.

Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

There were no repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2025.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibits	Incorporated by Reference			Original Exhibit Number	Filed Herewith	Furnished Herewith
		Form	Date Filed	File Number			
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc., filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 7, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. on December 13, 2021).	8-K	12/13/2021	001-40031	3.1		
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. on December 13, 2021).	8-K	12/13/2021	001-40031	3.2		
3.3	Amendment No. 1 to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. on March 27, 2025).	8-K	3/27/2025	001-40031	3.1		
10.1	Offer Letter, dated as of June 6, 2025, between BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. and Sean Ricker.	8-K	6/6/2025	001-40031	10.1		
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), under the Securities Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X	
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), under the Securities Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X	
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) pursuant to 18 U.S.C 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.						X
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) pursuant to 18 U.S.C 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.						X
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document)					X	
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					X	
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					X	
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document					X	
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					X	
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					X	
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).					X	

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc. has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 11, 2025	By:	<u>/s/ Kevin McAleenan</u>
	Name	Kevin McAleenan
	Title:	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 11, 2025	By:	<u>/s/ Sean Ricker</u>
	Name	Sean Ricker
	Title:	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Kevin McAleenan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2025

By: /s/ Kevin McAleenan

Kevin McAleenan

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Sean Ricker, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BigBear.ai Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2025

By: /s/ Sean Ricker

Sean Ricker

Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

**Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2025 of ligBear.ai Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Kevin McAleenan, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that;

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 11, 2025

By: /s/ Kevin McAleenan

Kevin McAleenan

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

**Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2025 of ligBear.ai Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Sean Ricker, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that;

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 11, 2025

By: /s/ Sean Ricker

Sean Ricker

Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)